

A PVS Library for Measure and Integration

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Part I

Local Extras

1 partitions

```
partitions[T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN
```

```
  a, a1, a2: VAR set[T]
```

```
  A: VAR setofsets[T]
```

```
  partition?(A, a): bool =
     $\bigcup A = a \wedge$ 
     $(\forall (x, y: (A)): x \neq y \Rightarrow \text{disjoint?}(x, y))$ 
```

```
  finite_partition?(A, a): bool =
    partition?(A, a)  $\wedge$  is_finite(A)
```

```
  partition: TYPE+ = ( $\lambda A: \text{partition?}(A, \text{fullset}[T])$ ) CONTAINING singleton[set[T]]
                                                                (fullset
                                                                [T])
```

```
  finite_partition: TYPE+ = ( $\lambda A: \text{finite\_partition?}(A, \text{fullset}[T])$ ) CONTAINING singleton
```

```
[set
 [T]]
(fullset
 [T])
```

```
  p1, p2: VAR finite_partition
```

```
  IMPORTING finite_sets@finite_cross
```

```
  join(p1, p2): finite_partition =
    {a |  $\exists (a_1: (p_1), a_2: (p_2)): a = (a_1 \cap a_2)$ }
```

```
END partitions
```

2 pointwise_convergence

pointwise_convergence[T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

IMPORTING metric_space@convergence_aux

u, v : VAR sequence[[$T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$]]

f, f_0, f_1 : VAR [$T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$]

g : VAR [$T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$]

x : VAR T

c : VAR \mathbb{R}

n, m : VAR \mathbb{N}

P : VAR pred[sequence[\mathbb{R}]]

zero_seq(n)(x): $\mathbb{R} = 0$

pointwise?(P)(u): bool = $\forall x: P(\lambda n: u(n)(x))$

pointwise_bounded_above?(u): bool =
pointwise?(bounded_above?)(u)

pointwise_bounded_below?(u): bool =
pointwise?(bounded_below?)(u)

pointwise_bounded?(u): bool = pointwise?(bounded_seq?)(u)

pointwise_bounded_def: LEMMA
pointwise_bounded?(u) \Leftrightarrow
(pointwise_bounded_above?(u) \wedge pointwise_bounded_below?(u))

pointwise_bounded_above: TYPE+ = (pointwise_bounded_above?) CONTAINING zero_seq

pointwise_bounded_below: TYPE+ = (pointwise_bounded_below?) CONTAINING zero_seq

pointwise_bounded: TYPE+ = (pointwise_bounded?) CONTAINING zero_seq

pointwise_bounded_is_bounded_above: JUDGEMENT pointwise_bounded SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_bounded_above

pointwise_bounded_is_bounded_below: JUDGEMENT pointwise_bounded SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_bounded_below

$u \longrightarrow f$: bool = $\forall x: \lambda n: u(n)(x) \longrightarrow f(x)$

```

pointwise_convergent?(u): bool =  $\exists f: u \longrightarrow f$ 

pointwise_convergent: TYPE+ = (pointwise_convergent?) CONTAINING zero_seq

IMPORTING reals@real_fun_ops_aux[T]

u + v: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]] =
   $\lambda n: u(n) + v(n)$ ;

c  $\times$  u: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]] =  $\lambda n: c \times u(n)$ ;

-u: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]] =  $\lambda n: -(u(n))$ ;

u - v: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]] =
   $\lambda n: u(n) - v(n)$ ;

u+: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ]] =  $\lambda n: u(n)^+$ ;

u-: sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ]] =  $\lambda n: u(n)^-$ ;

pointwise_convergence_sum: LEMMA
  u  $\longrightarrow$  f0  $\wedge$  v  $\longrightarrow$  f1  $\Rightarrow$  u + v  $\longrightarrow$  f0 + f1

pointwise_convergence_scal: LEMMA
  u  $\longrightarrow$  f  $\Rightarrow$  c  $\times$  u  $\longrightarrow$  c  $\times$  f

pointwise_convergence_opp: LEMMA u  $\longrightarrow$  f  $\Rightarrow$  -u  $\longrightarrow$  -f

pointwise_convergence_diff: LEMMA
  u  $\longrightarrow$  f0  $\wedge$  v  $\longrightarrow$  f1  $\Rightarrow$  u - v  $\longrightarrow$  f0 - f1

w, w0, w1: VAR pointwise_convergent

pointwise_convergent_sum: JUDGEMENT +(w0, w1) HAS_TYPE
  pointwise_convergent

pointwise_convergent_scal: JUDGEMENT  $\times$ (c, w) HAS_TYPE
  pointwise_convergent

pointwise_convergent_opp: JUDGEMENT -(w) HAS_TYPE
  pointwise_convergent

pointwise_convergent_diff: JUDGEMENT -(w0, w1) HAS_TYPE
  pointwise_convergent

pointwise_convergent_is_pointwise_bounded: JUDGEMENT pointwise_convergent SUBTYPE_OF
  pointwise_bounded

pointwise_increasing?(u): bool =
   $\forall x: \text{increasing?}(\lambda n: u(n)(x))$ 

```

$\text{pointwise_decreasing?}(u): \text{bool} =$
 $\quad \forall x: \text{decreasing?}(\lambda n: u(n)(x))$

$u \nearrow f: \text{bool} = u \longrightarrow f \wedge \text{pointwise_increasing?}(u)$

$u \searrow f: \text{bool} = u \longrightarrow f \wedge \text{pointwise_decreasing?}(u)$

$\text{plus_minus_pointwise_convergence: LEMMA}$
 $u \longrightarrow f \Leftrightarrow (u^+ \longrightarrow f^+ \wedge u^- \longrightarrow f^-)$

$p: \text{VAR pointwise_bounded_below}$

$a: \text{VAR pointwise_bounded_above}$

$b: \text{VAR pointwise_bounded}$

$\text{inf}(p)(n)(x): \mathbb{R} =$
 $\quad \text{inf}(\text{image}[\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}](\lambda m: p(m)(x), \{m \mid m \geq n\}))$

$\text{limsup}(b)(x): \mathbb{R} =$
 $\quad \text{sup}(\text{image}[\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}](\lambda m: \text{inf}(b)(m)(x), \text{fullset}[\mathbb{N}]))$

$\text{sup}(a)(n)(x): \mathbb{R} =$
 $\quad \text{sup}(\text{image}[\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}](\lambda m: a(m)(x), \{m \mid m \geq n\}))$

$\text{liminf}(b)(x): \mathbb{R} =$
 $\quad \text{inf}(\text{image}[\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{R}](\lambda m: \text{sup}(b)(m)(x), \text{fullset}[\mathbb{N}]))$

$\text{sup_inf_def: LEMMA } \text{sup}(a) = -\text{inf}(-a)$

$\text{liminf_limsup_def: LEMMA } \text{liminf}(b) = -\text{limsup}(-b)$

$\text{inf_pointwise_increasing: LEMMA } \text{pointwise_increasing?}(\text{inf}(p))$

$\text{inf_le: LEMMA } \text{inf}(p)(n)(x) \leq p(n)(x)$

$\text{inf_pointwise_le: LEMMA}$
 $p \longrightarrow f \Rightarrow (\forall n, x: \text{inf}(p)(n)(x) \leq f(x))$

$\text{limsup_pointwise_convergence: LEMMA } \text{inf}(b) \longrightarrow \text{limsup}(b)$

$\text{inf_pointwise_convergence_upto: LEMMA}$
 $p \longrightarrow f \Rightarrow \text{inf}(p) \nearrow f$

$\text{pointwise_convergence_plus_minus_def: LEMMA}$
 $u \longrightarrow f \Rightarrow$
 $\quad (\text{inf}(u^+) \nearrow f^+ \wedge \text{inf}(u^-) \nearrow f^-)$

$\text{END pointwise_convergence}$

3 sup_norm

sup_norm[T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

ε : VAR $\mathbb{R}_{>0}$

c : VAR $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$

y : VAR \mathbb{R}

x : VAR T

i, n : VAR \mathbb{N}

IMPORTING reals@real_fun_ops_aux[T], reals@bounded_reals[\mathbb{R}],
structures@const_fun_def[T, \mathbb{R}]

bounded?(f : [$T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$]): bool =
 $\exists c: \forall x: |f(x)| \leq c$

bounded: TYPE+ = (bounded?) CONTAINING ($\lambda x: 0$)

f, f_1, f_2 : VAR bounded

bounded_add: JUDGEMENT $+(f_1, f_2)$ HAS_TYPE bounded

bounded_scal: JUDGEMENT $\times(y, f)$ HAS_TYPE bounded

bounded_opp: JUDGEMENT $-(f)$ HAS_TYPE bounded

bounded_diff: JUDGEMENT $-(f_1, f_2)$ HAS_TYPE bounded

sup_norm(f): $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ =
 IF $\exists x: \text{TRUE}$
 THEN sup(extend[$\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}, \text{bool}, \text{FALSE}$]($\{c \mid \exists x: |f(x)| = c\}$))
 ELSE 0
 ENDIF

sup_norm_eq_0: LEMMA
 sup_norm(f) = 0 $\Leftrightarrow f = \text{const_fun}[T, \mathbb{R}](0)$

sup_norm_neg: LEMMA sup_norm($-f$) = sup_norm(f)

sup_norm_sum: LEMMA
 sup_norm($f_1 + f_2$) \leq sup_norm(f_1) + sup_norm(f_2)

sup_norm_prop: LEMMA
 ($\forall x: |f(x)| \leq \text{sup_norm}(f)$) \wedge
 ($\forall c: (\forall x: |f(x)| \leq c) \Rightarrow \text{sup_norm}(f) \leq c$)

```

u: VAR sequence[bounded]

sup_norm_converges_to?(u, f): bool =
  ∀ ε:
    ∃ n: ∀ i: i ≥ n ⇒ sup_norm(u(i) - f) < ε

sup_norm_convergent?(u): bool =
  ∃ f: sup_norm_converges_to?(u, f)

sup_norm_convergent: TYPE+ = (sup_norm_convergent?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    n:
                                                                    λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

IMPORTING pointwise_convergence[T]

sup_norm_convergent_is_pointwise_convergent: JUDGEMENT sup_norm_convergent SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_convergent

sup_norm_converges_to_pointwise_convergence: LEMMA
  sup_norm_converges_to?(u, f) ⇒ u → f

END sup_norm

```

4 product_sections

```
product_sections[T1, T2: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

  X, Y: VAR set[[T1, T2]]

  a: VAR T1

  b: VAR T2

  IMPORTING topology@cross_product[T1, T2]

  x_section_emptyset: LEMMA x_section(∅, a) = ∅

  x_section_complement: LEMMA
    x_section( $\overline{X}$ , a) =  $\overline{x\_section(X, a)}$ 

  x_section_union: LEMMA
    x_section((X ∪ Y), a) =
      (x_section(X, a) ∪ x_section(Y, a))

  x_section_intersection: LEMMA
    x_section((X ∩ Y), a) =
      (x_section(X, a) ∩ x_section(Y, a))

  x_section_disjoint: LEMMA
    disjoint?(X, Y) ⇒
      disjoint?(x_section(X, a), x_section(Y, a))

  y_section_emptyset: LEMMA y_section(∅, b) = ∅

  y_section_complement: LEMMA
    y_section( $\overline{X}$ , b) =  $\overline{y\_section(X, b)}$ 

  y_section_union: LEMMA
    y_section((X ∪ Y), b) =
      (y_section(X, b) ∪ y_section(Y, b))

  y_section_intersection: LEMMA
    y_section((X ∩ Y), b) =
      (y_section(X, b) ∩ y_section(Y, b))

  y_section_disjoint: LEMMA
    disjoint?(X, Y) ⇒
      disjoint?(y_section(X, b), y_section(Y, b))

END product_sections
```

Part II

Borel Sets and Functions

5 subset_algebra_def

```

subset_algebra_def [T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING sets_aux@countable_props,
            structures@fun_preds_partial
            [N, set [T], restrict [[R, R], [N, N], boolean](reals.≤),
            subset? [T]],
            sets_aux@indexed_sets_aux [N, T], sets_aux@countable_indexed_sets [T],
            sets_aux@nat_indexed_sets [T], sets_aux@countable_image

  n, i: VAR N

  a, b: VAR set [T]

  S, X, Y: VAR setofsets [T]

  NX: VAR (nonempty? [set [T]])

  E: VAR sequence [set [T]]

  subset_algebra_empty?(S): bool = (∅ [T] ∈ S)

  subset_algebra_complement?(S): bool =
    ∀ (x: (S)): (x̄ ∈ S)

  subset_algebra_union?(S): bool =
    ∀ (x, y: (S)): ((x ∪ y) ∈ S)

  subset_algebra?(S): bool =
    subset_algebra_empty?(S) ∧
    subset_algebra_complement?(S) ∧ subset_algebra_union?(S)

  sigma_algebra_union?(S): bool =
    ∀ X:
      is_countable [set [T]] (X) ∧ (∀ (x: (X)): (x ∈ S)) ⇒
      (∪ X ∈ S)

  sigma_algebra?(S): bool =
    subset_algebra_empty?(S) ∧
    subset_algebra_complement?(S) ∧ sigma_algebra_union?(S)

  sigma_union_implies_subset_union: LEMMA
    sigma_algebra_union?(S) ⇒ subset_algebra_union?(S)

  sigma_algebra_implies_subset_algebra: LEMMA

```

$\text{sigma_algebra?}(S) \Rightarrow \text{subset_algebra?}(S)$
 $\text{trivial_subset_algebra: (subset_algebra?) =}$
 $\quad (\text{singleton}(\emptyset[T]) \cup \text{singleton}(\text{fullset}[T]))$
 $\text{subset_algebra: TYPE+ = (subset_algebra?) CONTAINING trivial_subset_algebra}$
 $\text{sigma_algebra: TYPE+ = (sigma_algebra?) CONTAINING trivial_subset_algebra}$
 $A: \text{VAR sigma_algebra}$
 $I: \text{VAR set}[\text{sigma_algebra}]$
 $\text{sigma_algebra_is_subset_algebra: JUDGEMENT sigma_algebra SUBTYPE_OF}$
 $\quad \text{subset_algebra}$
 $\text{powerset_is_sigma_algebra: LEMMA}$
 $\quad \text{sigma_algebra?}(\text{powerset}(\text{fullset}[T]))$
 $\mathcal{S}(X): \text{sigma_algebra} =$
 $\quad \bigcap \{Y \mid \text{sigma_algebra?}(Y) \wedge (X \subseteq Y)\}$
 $\text{generated_sigma_algebra_subset1: LEMMA } (X \subseteq \mathcal{S}(X))$
 $\text{generated_sigma_algebra_subset2: LEMMA}$
 $\quad (X \subseteq Y) \wedge \text{sigma_algebra?}(Y) \Rightarrow (\mathcal{S}(X) \subseteq Y)$
 $\text{generated_sigma_algebra_idempotent: LEMMA } \mathcal{S}(A) = A$
 $\text{intersection_sigma_algebra: LEMMA}$
 $\quad \forall (A, B: \text{sigma_algebra}): \text{sigma_algebra?}((A \cap B))$
 $\sigma(I): \text{sigma_algebra} =$
 $\quad \mathcal{S}(\bigcup \text{extend} [\text{setof}[\text{setof}[T]], \text{sigma_algebra}, \text{bool}, \text{FALSE}](I))$
 $\text{sigma_member: LEMMA } (A \in I) \Rightarrow (A \subseteq \sigma(I))$
 $B: \text{VAR subset_algebra}$
 $J: \text{VAR set}[\text{subset_algebra}]$
 $\text{powerset_is_subset_algebra: LEMMA}$
 $\quad \text{subset_algebra?}(\text{powerset}(\text{fullset}[T]))$
 $\mathcal{A}(X): \text{subset_algebra} =$
 $\quad \bigcap \{Y \mid \text{subset_algebra?}(Y) \wedge (X \subseteq Y)\}$
 $\text{generated_subset_algebra_subset1: LEMMA } (X \subseteq \mathcal{A}(X))$
 $\text{generated_subset_algebra_subset2: LEMMA}$
 $\quad (X \subseteq Y) \wedge \text{subset_algebra?}(Y) \Rightarrow (\mathcal{A}(X) \subseteq Y)$

generated_subset_algebra_idempotent: LEMMA $\mathcal{A}(B) = B$

intersection_subset_algebra: LEMMA

$\forall (A, B: \text{subset_algebra}): \text{subset_algebra?}((A \cap B))$

subset(J): subset_algebra =

$\mathcal{A}(\bigcup \text{extend} [\text{setof}[\text{setof}[T]], \text{subset_algebra}, \text{bool}, \text{FALSE}](J))$

subset_member: LEMMA $(B \in J) \Rightarrow (B \subseteq \text{subset}(J))$

finite_disjoint_union?(X)(a): bool =

$\exists E, n:$
 $\text{disjoint?}(E) \wedge$
 $a = \bigcup E \wedge$
 $(\forall i:$
 $\quad (i < n \Rightarrow (E(i) \in X)) \wedge$
 $\quad (i \geq n \Rightarrow \text{empty?}(E(i))))$

finite_disjoint_union_of?(X)(a)(E, n): bool =

$\text{disjoint?}(E) \wedge$
 $a = \bigcup E \wedge$
 $(\forall i:$
 $\quad (i < n \Rightarrow (E(i) \in X)) \wedge$
 $\quad (i \geq n \Rightarrow \text{empty?}(E(i))))$

card($X: \text{setofsets}[T], a: (\text{finite_disjoint_union?}(X))$): $\mathbb{N} =$

$\min(\{n: \mathbb{N} \mid$
 $\quad \exists E: \text{finite_disjoint_union_of?}(X)(a)(E, n)\})$

finite_disjoint_unions(X): setofsets[T] =

$\text{extend}[\text{setof}[T], ((\text{finite_disjoint_union?}(X))), \text{bool}, \text{FALSE}]$
 $(\text{fullset}[(\text{finite_disjoint_union?}(X))])$

disjoint_algebra_construction: LEMMA

$(\forall (a, b: (\text{NX})): ((a \cap b) \in \text{NX})) \wedge$
 $(\forall (a: (\text{NX})): \text{finite_disjoint_union?}(\text{NX})(\bar{a}))$
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{A}(\text{NX}) = \text{finite_disjoint_unions}(\text{NX})$

monotone?(X): bool =

$\forall E:$
 $(\forall n: (E(n) \in X)) \Rightarrow$
 $((\text{increasing?}(E) \Rightarrow (\bigcup E \in X)) \wedge$
 $(\text{decreasing?}(E) \Rightarrow (\bigcap E \in X)))$

monotone_class: TYPE+ = (monotone?) CONTAINING trivial_subset_algebra

powerset_is_monotone: LEMMA $\text{monotone?}(\text{powerset}(\text{fullset}[T]))$

sigma_algebra_is_monotone_class: JUDGEMENT sigma_algebra SUBTYPE_OF
monotone_class

```

monotone_algebra_is_sigma: LEMMA
  subset_algebra?(X) ∧ monotone?(X) ⇒ sigma_algebra?(X)

C: VAR monotone_class

K: VAR set[monotone_class]

monotone_class_Intersection: LEMMA
  monotone?( $\bigcap$  extend [setof[setof[T]], monotone_class, bool, FALSE](K))

monotone_class: THEOREM ( $B \subseteq C$ ) ⇒ ( $\mathcal{S}(B) \subseteq C$ )

END subset_algebra_def

```

6 subset_algebra

```
subset_algebra[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: subset_algebra[T]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  x, y: VAR (S)

  subset_algebra_emptyset: JUDGEMENT  $\emptyset[T]$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  subset_algebra_fullset: JUDGEMENT fullset[T] HAS_TYPE (S)

  subset_algebra_complement: JUDGEMENT complement(x) HAS_TYPE (S)

  subset_algebra_union: JUDGEMENT union(x, y) HAS_TYPE (S)

  subset_algebra_intersection: JUDGEMENT intersection(x, y) HAS_TYPE
    (S)

  subset_algebra_difference: JUDGEMENT difference(x, y) HAS_TYPE (S)

END subset_algebra
```

7 sigma_algebra

```
sigma_algebra[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING subset_algebra[T, S], sets_aux@countable_image

  x, y: VAR (S)

  SS: VAR sequence[(S)]

  sigma_algebra_emptyset: LEMMA ( $\emptyset[T] \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_fullset: LEMMA ( $\text{fullset}[T] \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_complement: LEMMA ( $\bar{x} \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_union: LEMMA ( $(x \cup y) \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_intersection: LEMMA ( $(x \cap y) \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_difference: LEMMA ( $(x \setminus y) \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_IUnion: LEMMA ( $\bigcup SS \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_IIIntersection: LEMMA ( $\bigcap SS \in S$ )

  sigma_algebra_emptyset_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\emptyset[T]$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  sigma_algebra_fullset_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{fullset}[T]$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  sigma_algebra_complement_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{complement}(x)$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  sigma_algebra_union_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{union}(x, y)$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  sigma_algebra_intersection_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{intersection}(x, y)$  HAS_TYPE
    (S)

  sigma_algebra_difference_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{difference}(x, y)$  HAS_TYPE
    (S)

  sigma_algebra_IUnion_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{IUnion}(SS)$  HAS_TYPE (S)

  sigma_algebra_IIIntersection_rew: JUDGEMENT  $\text{IIIntersection}(SS)$  HAS_TYPE
    (S)

END sigma_algebra
```

8 product_sigma_def

```
product_sigma_def [T1, T2: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN
```

```
  IMPORTING subset_algebra_def, sigma_algebra, topology@cross_product [T1, T2],
           product_sections [T1, T2], sets_aux@countable_image
```

```
  i, n: VAR ℕ
```

```
  x: VAR T1
```

```
  y: VAR T2
```

```
  X: VAR set [T1]
```

```
  Y: VAR set [T2]
```

```
  NX: VAR (nonempty? [T1])
```

```
  NY: VAR (nonempty? [T2])
```

```
  Z: VAR set [[T1, T2]]
```

```
  S1: VAR sigma_algebra [T1]
```

```
  S2: VAR sigma_algebra [T2]
```

```
  measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2)(Z): bool =
    ∃ X, Y: Z = X × Y ∧ S1(X) ∧ S2(Y)
```

```
  measurable_rectangle(S1, S2): TYPE+ = (measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2)) CONTAINING ∅
```

```
  S1 × S2: sigma_algebra [[T1, T2]] =
    S(extend [setof [[T1, T2]], measurable_rectangle(S1, S2), bool, FALSE](fullset [measurable_rectangle(S1, S2)])
```

```
  x_section_measurable: LEMMA
    (Z ∈ S1 × S2) ⇒ (x_section(Z, x) ∈ S2)
```

```
  y_section_measurable: LEMMA
    (Z ∈ S1 × S2) ⇒ (y_section(Z, y) ∈ S1)
```

```
  sigma_cross_projection: LEMMA
    (NX × NY ∈ S1 × S2) ⇒ ((NX ∈ S1) ∧ (NY ∈ S2))
```

```
END product_sigma_def
```

9 product_sigma

```

product_sigma[T1, T2: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) S1: sigma_algebra[T1],
              S2: sigma_algebra[T2]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING subset_algebra_def, sigma_algebra, topology@cross_product[T1, T2],
            product_sigma_def[T1, T2], sets_aux@countable_image

  n, i: VAR ℕ

  X: VAR (S1)

  Y: VAR (S2)

  x: VAR T1

  y: VAR T2

  Z: VAR set[[T1, T2]]

  NX: VAR (nonempty?[T1])

  NY: VAR (nonempty?[T2])

  R, R1, R2: VAR set[(measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2))]

  r, r1, r2: VAR (measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2))

  cross_product_is_sigma_times: LEMMA
    sigma_times(S1, S2)(X × Y)

  rectangle_algebra_aux: LEMMA
     $\mathcal{A}(\text{measurable\_rectangle?}(S_1, S_2)) =$ 
    finite_disjoint_unions[[T1, T2]]
      (measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2))

  rectangle_algebra: subset_algebra[[T1, T2]] =
    finite_disjoint_unions[[T1, T2]]
      (measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2))

  rectangle_algebra_def: LEMMA
    rectangle_algebra =  $\mathcal{A}(\text{measurable\_rectangle?}(S_1, S_2))$ 

  finite_disjoint_rectangles: LEMMA
    finite_disjoint_unions[[T1, T2]](measurable_rectangle?(S1, S2))(Z)  $\Leftrightarrow$ 
    ( $\exists R$ :
       $\bigcup \text{extend} [\text{setof}[[T_1, T_2]], ((\text{measurable\_rectangle?}[T_1, T_2](S_1, S_2))), \text{bool, FALSE}](R)$ 
      = Z
       $\wedge$ 
      is_finite(R)  $\wedge$ 

```

$(\forall (x, y: (R)): x = y \vee \text{disjoint?}(x, y))$

intersection_rectangle: LEMMA

finite_disjoint_union?(measurable_rectangle?(S_1, S_2))
(($r_1 \cap r_2$))

complement_rectangle: LEMMA

finite_disjoint_union?(measurable_rectangle?(S_1, S_2))(\bar{r})

END product_sigma

10 borel

```
borel[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING topology@topology_def[T]) S: topology]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T], topology@topology[T, S], topology@basis[T],
    sets_aux@countability

  x: VAR T

  X: VAR open

  Y: VAR closed

  Z: VAR set[T]

  B: VAR (base?[T](S))

  borel?: sigma_algebra =
    S(extend [setof[T], open[T, S], bool, FALSE](fullset[open]))

  borel: TYPE+ = (borel?) CONTAINING  $\emptyset[T]$ 

  IMPORTING sigma_algebra[T, (borel?)]

  a, b: VAR borel

  A: VAR countable_set[borel]

  C: VAR set[borel]

  emptyset_is_borel: LEMMA borel?( $\emptyset[T]$ )

  fullset_is_borel: LEMMA borel?(fullset[T])

  open_is_borel: LEMMA borel?(X)

  closed_is_borel: LEMMA borel?(Y)

  complement_is_borel: LEMMA borel?( $\bar{a}$ )

  union_is_borel: LEMMA borel?((a  $\cup$  b))

  intersection_is_borel: LEMMA borel?((a  $\cap$  b))

  difference_is_borel: LEMMA borel?((a  $\setminus$  b))

  Union_is_borel: LEMMA
    borel?( $\bigcup$  extend[setof[T], borel, bool, FALSE](A))

  Complement_is_borel: LEMMA
    every(borel?,
```

```

Complement(extend[setof[T], borel, bool, FALSE](C)))

Intersection_is_borel: LEMMA
  borel?( $\bigcap$  extend[setof[T], borel, bool, FALSE](A))

emptyset_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT  $\emptyset[T]$  HAS_TYPE borel

fullset_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT fullset[T] HAS_TYPE borel

open_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT open SUBTYPE_OF borel

closed_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT closed SUBTYPE_OF borel

complement_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT complement(a) HAS_TYPE borel

union_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT union(a, b) HAS_TYPE borel

intersection_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT intersection(a, b) HAS_TYPE
  borel

difference_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT difference(a, b) HAS_TYPE borel

borel_basis: LEMMA generated_sigma_algebra(B)(Z)  $\Rightarrow$  borel?(Z)

borel_countable_basis: LEMMA is_countable(B)  $\Rightarrow$  borel? =  $\mathcal{S}(B)$ 

END borel

```

11 hausdorff_borel

```
hausdorff_borel[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING topology@topology_def[T]) S: hausdorff]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING topology@hausdorff_convergence[T, S], borel[T, S]

  x: VAR T

  singleton_is_borel: LEMMA borel?(singleton(x))

  singleton_is_borel_judge: JUDGEMENT singleton(x) HAS_TYPE borel

END hausdorff_borel
```

12 borel_functions

```
borel_functions[(IMPORTING topology@topology_def) T1: TYPE, S: topology[T1], T2: TYPE,  
              T: topology[T2]]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING borel, structures@const_fun_def[T1, T2], topology@continuity_def[T1, S, T2, T],  
            topology@continuity[T1, S, T2, T]  
  
  f: VAR [T1 → T2]  
  
  c: VAR T2  
  
  X: VAR open[T2, T]  
  
  B: VAR borel[T2, T]  
  
  borel_function?(f): bool =  
    (∀ B: borel?[T1, S](inverse_image(f, B)))  
  
  borel_function_def: LEMMA  
    borel_function?(f) ≡  
    (∀ X: borel?[T1, S](inverse_image[T1, T2](f, X)))  
  
  borel_function: TYPE = (borel_function?)  
  
  const_borel_function: LEMMA borel_function?(const_fun[T1, T2](c))  
  
  continuous_is_borel: JUDGEMENT continuous SUBTYPE_OF borel_function  
  
END borel_functions
```

13 identity_borel

```
identity_borel[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING topology@topology_def[T]) S: topology]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING borel_functions[T, S, T, S]

  id_borel: LEMMA borel_function?(I[T])

  Lis_borel: JUDGEMENT I[T] HAS_TYPE borel_function

END identity_borel
```

14 composition_borel

```
composition_borel[(IMPORTING topology@topology_def) T1: TYPE, S: topology[T1], T2: TYPE,
                  T: topology[T2], T3: TYPE, U: topology[T3]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING borel_functions[T1, S, T2, T], borel_functions[T2, T, T3, U],
            borel_functions[T1, S, T3, U]

  f: VAR [T2 → T3]
  g: VAR [T1 → T2]

  composition_borel: LEMMA
    borel_function?(f) ∧ borel_function?(g) ⇒
      borel_function?(f ∘ g)

  F: VAR borel_function[T2, T, T3, U]
  G: VAR borel_function[T1, S, T2, T]

  composition_is_borel: JUDGEMENT O(F, G) HAS_TYPE
    borel_function[T1, S, T3, U]

END composition_borel
```

15 real_borel

real_borel: THEORY

BEGIN

```
IMPORTING metric_space@real_topology, borel[ $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology],
          hausdorff_borel[ $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology]
```

borel_generated_by_rational_open_interval: LEMMA

```
borel? =
   $\mathcal{S}$ (extend [setof[ $\mathbb{R}$ ], rational_open_interval, bool, FALSE](fullset[rational_open_interval]))
```

borel_generated_by_open_interval: LEMMA

```
borel? =
   $\mathcal{S}$ (extend [setof[ $\mathbb{R}$ ], open_interval, bool, FALSE](fullset[open_interval]))
```

open_interval_is_borel: JUDGEMENT open_interval SUBTYPE_OF borel

closed_interval_is_borel: JUDGEMENT closed_interval SUBTYPE_OF borel

END real_borel

Part III

Measures

16 generalized_measure_def

```

generalized_measure_def [T: TYPE, S: setofsets [T]] : THEORY
BEGIN

  ASSUMING
    S_empty: ASSUMPTION S(∅)
  ENDASSUMING

  IMPORTING series@series, sets_aux@indexed_sets_aux [N, T], sets_aux@nat_indexed_sets [T],
    metric_space@convergence_aux,  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ @ $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ 

  i, j, n: VAR N

  f: VAR [(S) →  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ ]

  g: VAR [(S) →  $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ]

  A: VAR [N → (S)]

  a, b: VAR (S)

  x: VAR set [T]

  disjoint_indexed_measurable?(A): bool = disjoint?(A)

  disjoint_indexed_measurable: TYPE+ = (disjoint_indexed_measurable?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    i:
                                                                    ∅
                                                                    [T])

  disjoint_indexed_measurable_is_disjoint_indexed_set: JUDGEMENT disjoint_indexed_measurable SUBTYPE_OF
    disjoint_indexed_set [N, T]

  X: VAR disjoint_indexed_measurable

  measure_empty?(f): bool = f(∅ [T]) = (TRUE, 0)

  measure_countably_additive?(f): bool =
    ∀ X: S(∪ X) ⇒ ∑ f ∘ X = f(∪ X)

  measure_complete?(f): bool =
    (∀ x, a:
      ((x ⊆ a) ∧ f(a) = (TRUE, 0)) ⇒ S(x))

  measure?(f): bool =
    measure_empty?(f) ∧ measure_countably_additive?(f)

```

```

complete_measure?(f): bool =
  measure?(f) ∧ measure_complete?(f)

zero_measure(a):  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$  = (TRUE, 0)

measure_type: TYPE+ = (measure?) CONTAINING zero_measure

trivial_measure: measure_type =
  λ a: IF empty?(a) THEN (TRUE, 0) ELSE (FALSE, 0) ENDIF

complete_measure: TYPE+ = (complete_measure?) CONTAINING trivial_measure

complete_measure_is_measure: JUDGEMENT complete_measure SUBTYPE_OF
  measure_type

measure_disjoint_union: LEMMA
  measure?(f) ∧ disjoint?(a, b) ∧ S((a ∪ b)) ⇒
  f((a ∪ b)) = f(a) + f(b)

finite_measure?(g): bool =
  g(∅[T]) = 0 ∧
  (∀ X:
    S(∪ X) ⇒ series(g ∘ X) → g(∪ X))

complete_finite_measure?(g): bool =
  finite_measure?(g) ∧
  (∀ x, a: (x ⊆ a) ∧ g(a) = 0 ⇒ S(x))

trivial_finite_measure(A: (S)): [ $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ] = 0

finite_measure: TYPE+ = (finite_measure?) CONTAINING trivial_finite_measure

complete_finite_measure: TYPE = (complete_finite_measure?)

complete_finite_measure_is_finite_measure: JUDGEMENT complete_finite_measure SUBTYPE_OF
  finite_measure

to_measure(m: finite_measure): measure_type =
  λ a: (TRUE, m(a))

F: VAR sequence[measure_type]

x_sum_measure: LEMMA measure?(λ a: (∑ λ i: F(i)(a)))

END generalized_measure_def

```

17 measure_def

```

measure_def [T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def [T]) S: subset_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING subset_algebra [T, S], generalized_measure_def [T, S]

  convergent: MACRO pred [sequence [ℝ]] =
    convergence_sequences.convergent?;

  limit: MACRO [(convergence_sequences.convergent?) → ℝ] =
    convergence_sequences.limit;

  i, j, n: VAR ℕ

  f: VAR [(S) → ℝ≥0]
  g: VAR [(S) → ℝ≥0]
  A: VAR [ℕ → (S)]
  a, b: VAR (S)
  x: VAR set [T]

  X: VAR disjoint_indexed_measurable

  increasing_indexed_measurable?(A): bool = increasing_indexed?(A)

  increasing_indexed_measurable: TYPE+ = (increasing_indexed_measurable?) CONTAINING (λ

i:
fullset
[T])

  P: VAR increasing_indexed_measurable

  measure_sigma_finite?(f): bool =
    ∃ X: ⋃ X = fullset [T] ∧ (∀ i: f(X(i))'1)

  sigma_finite_measure?(f): bool =
    measure?(f) ∧ measure_sigma_finite?(f)

  complete_sigma_finite?(f): bool =
    measure?(f) ∧
    measure_complete?(f) ∧ measure_sigma_finite?(f)

  sigma_finite_measure: TYPE+ = (sigma_finite_measure?) CONTAINING zero_measure

  complete_sigma_finite: TYPE = (complete_sigma_finite?)

  discrete_measure: measure_type =
    λ a:

```

```

IF is_finite(a)
  THEN (TRUE, card[T](a))
ELSE (FALSE, 0)
ENDIF

```

```

sigma_finite_measure_is_measure: JUDGEMENT sigma_finite_measure SUBTYPE_OF
measure_type

```

```

complete_sigma_finite_is_complete_measure: JUDGEMENT complete_sigma_finite SUBTYPE_OF
complete_measure

```

```

complete_sigma_finite_is_sigma_finite_measure: JUDGEMENT complete_sigma_finite SUBTYPE_OF
sigma_finite_measure

```

```

measure_monotone: LEMMA
measure?(f) ∧ (a ⊆ b) ⇒ f(a) ≤ f(b)

```

```

measure_union: LEMMA
measure?(f) ⇒ f((a ∪ b)) ≤ f(a) + f(b)

```

```

measure_def: LEMMA
(measure?(f) ⇔
  (measure_empty?(f) ∧
    (∀ (a, b: (S)):
      disjoint?(a, b) ⇒ f((a ∪ b)) = f(a) + f(b))
    ∧
    (∀ X:
      S(∪ X) ⇒
        f(∪ X) ≤ ∑ f ∘ X)))

```

```

finite_measure_def: LEMMA
finite_measure?(g) ⇔
  (g(∅[T]) = 0 ∧
    (∀ (a, b: (S)):
      disjoint?(a, b) ⇒ g((a ∪ b)) = g(a) + g(b))
    ∧
    (∀ X:
      S(∪ X) ∧ convergence_sequences.convergent?(series(g ∘ X)) ⇒
        g(∪ X) ≤
          convergence_sequences.limit(series(g ∘ X))))

```

```

A_of(f: sigma_finite_measure): disjoint_indexed_measurable =
  choose({X |
    ∪ X = fullset[T] ∧
    (∀ i: f(X(i))'1)})

```

```

P_of(f: sigma_finite_measure)(n): (S) =
  ∪ λ i: IF i ≤ n THEN A_of(f)(i) ELSE ∅[T] ENDIF

```

```

μ: VAR sigma_finite_measure

```

A_of_def1: LEMMA $\bigcup A_of(\mu) = \text{fullset}[T]$

A_of_def2: LEMMA $\forall n: \mu(A_of(\mu)(n)) \leq 1$

P_of_def1: LEMMA $\bigcup P_of(\mu) = \text{fullset}[T]$

P_of_def2: LEMMA $\forall n: \mu(P_of(\mu)(n)) \leq 1$

P_of_def3: LEMMA

$\forall i, j: i \leq j \Rightarrow (P_of(\mu)(i) \subseteq P_of(\mu)(j))$

sigma_finite_def1: LEMMA

$\text{sigma_finite_measure?}(f) \Leftrightarrow$

$(\text{measure?}(f) \wedge$

$(\exists X:$

$\bigcup X = \text{fullset}[T] \wedge (\forall i: f(X(i)) \leq 1))$)

sigma_finite_def2: LEMMA

$\text{sigma_finite_measure?}(f) \Leftrightarrow$

$(\text{measure?}(f) \wedge$

$(\exists P:$

$\bigcup P = \text{fullset}[T] \wedge (\forall i: f(P(i)) \leq 1))$)

END measure_def

18 measure_space_def

```
measure_space_def [T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def [T]) S: sigma_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING sigma_algebra [T, S], reals@real_fun_ops_aux [T],
    structures@const_fun_def [T, ℝ], metric_space@real_topology, topology@basis [ℝ],
    borel [ℝ, metric_induced_topology], real_borel, sets_aux@countable_props,
    sets_aux@inverse_image_Union, sets_aux@countable_image, sets_aux@countable_set

  X: VAR set [T]

  Y: VAR set [ℝ]

  x, y, z: VAR T

  f: VAR [T → ℝ]

  B: VAR borel

  c: VAR ℝ

  q: VAR ℚ

  r: VAR ℝ>0

  measurable_set?(X): bool = S(X)

  measurable_set: TYPE+ = (measurable_set?) CONTAINING ∅ [T]

  a, b: VAR measurable_set

  SS: VAR sequence [measurable_set]

  M: VAR countable_set [(S)]

  measurable_emptyset: JUDGEMENT ∅ [T] HAS_TYPE measurable_set

  measurable_fullset: JUDGEMENT fullset [T] HAS_TYPE measurable_set

  measurable_complement: JUDGEMENT complement(a) HAS_TYPE measurable_set

  measurable_union: JUDGEMENT union(a, b) HAS_TYPE measurable_set

  measurable_intersection: JUDGEMENT intersection(a, b) HAS_TYPE
    measurable_set

  measurable_difference: JUDGEMENT difference(a, b) HAS_TYPE
    measurable_set

  measurable_IUnion: JUDGEMENT IUnion(SS) HAS_TYPE measurable_set
```

```

measurable_IIntersection: JUDGEMENT IIntersection(SS) HAS_TYPE
  measurable_set

measurable_Union: JUDGEMENT Union(M) HAS_TYPE measurable_set

measurable_Intersection: JUDGEMENT Intersection(M) HAS_TYPE
  measurable_set

measurable_function?(f): bool =
  ∀ B: measurable_set?(inverse_image(f, B))

measurable_function: TYPE+ = (measurable_function?) CONTAINING (λ
  x:
  0)

g, g1, g2: VAR measurable_function

measurable_is_function: JUDGEMENT measurable_function SUBTYPE_OF
  [T → ℝ]

constant_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT (constant?[T, ℝ]) SUBTYPE_OF
  measurable_function

U: VAR setofsets[ℝ]

measurable_def: LEMMA
  borel? = S(U) ⇒
  (measurable_function?(f) ⇔
    (∀ (X: (U)): S(inverse_image(f, X))))

measurable_def2: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔
  (∀ (i: open_interval): S(inverse_image(f, i)))

measurable_gt: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ c: S({z | f(z) > c}))

measurable_le: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ c: S({z | f(z) ≤ c}))

measurable_lt: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ c: S({z | f(z) < c}))

measurable_ge: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ c: S({z | f(z) ≥ c}))

measurable_gt2: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ q: S({z | f(z) > q}))

measurable_le2: LEMMA

```

```

measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ q: S({z | f(z) ≤ q}))

measurable_lt2: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ q: S({z | f(z) < q}))

measurable_ge2: LEMMA
  measurable_function?(f) ⇔ (∀ q: S({z | f(z) ≥ q}))

scal_measurable: JUDGEMENT ×(c, g) HAS_TYPE measurable_function

sum_measurable: JUDGEMENT +(g1, g2) HAS_TYPE measurable_function

opp_measurable: JUDGEMENT -(g) HAS_TYPE measurable_function

diff_measurable: JUDGEMENT -(g1, g2) HAS_TYPE measurable_function

END measure_space_def

```

19 measure_space

```

measure_space[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space_def[T, S], reals@real_fun_ops_aux[T], power@real_fun_power[T],
    real_borel,
    borel_functions[ $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology,  $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology],
    topology@constant_continuity
      [ $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology,  $\mathbb{R}$ , metric_induced_topology],
    metric_space@metric_continuity
      [ $\mathbb{R}$ , ( $\lambda (x, y: \mathbb{R}): |x - y|$ ),  $\mathbb{R}$ ,
        ( $\lambda (x, y: \mathbb{R}): |x - y|$ )],
    metric_space@real_continuity[ $\mathbb{R}$ , ( $\lambda (x, y: \mathbb{R}): |x - y|$ )],
    pointwise_convergence[T], reals@bounded_reals[ $\mathbb{R}$ ], finite_sets@finite_cross,
    finite_sets@finite_sets_minmax_props[ $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\leq$ ]

  f: VAR [T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]

  g, g1, g2: VAR measurable_function[T, S]

   $\phi$ : VAR borel_function

  i, j, n, m: VAR  $\mathbb{N}$ 

  s: VAR sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]]

  u: VAR sequence[measurable_function[T, S]]

  x: VAR T

  c, c1, c2, y: VAR  $\mathbb{R}$ 

  X: VAR set[T]

  Y: VAR set[ $\mathbb{R}$ ]

  a: VAR  $\mathbb{R}_{>0}$ 

  borel_comp_measurable_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT O( $\phi$ , g) HAS_TYPE
    measurable_function[T, S]

  const_measurable: LEMMA measurable_function?( $\lambda x: c$ )

  nn_measurable?(f): bool =
    measurable_function?(f)  $\wedge$  ( $\forall x: 0 \leq f(x)$ )

  nn_measurable: TYPE+ = (nn_measurable?) CONTAINING ( $\lambda x: 0$ )

  nn_measurable_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT nn_measurable SUBTYPE_OF
    measurable_function

```

`abs_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `abs(g)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`expt_nat_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `expt(g, n)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`sq_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `sq(g)` HAS_TYPE `measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`min_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `min(g1, g2)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`max_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `max(g1, g2)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`minimum_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `minimum(u, n)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`maximum_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `maximum(u, n)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`plus_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `plus(g)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`minus_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `minus(g)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`prod_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `×(g1, g2)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`expt_measurable`: JUDGEMENT `^(g: nn_measurable, a)` HAS_TYPE
`measurable_function`[`T`, `S`]

`measurable_plus_minus`: LEMMA
`measurable_function?`[`T`, `S`](`f`) \Leftrightarrow
`(measurable_function?`[`T`, `S`](`f+`) \wedge
`measurable_function?`[`T`, `S`](`f-`))

`measurable_bounded_above?(u)`: bool = `pointwise_bounded_above?(u)`

`measurable_bounded_below?(u)`: bool = `pointwise_bounded_below?(u)`

`measurable_bounded?(u)`: bool =
`measurable_bounded_above?(u) \wedge measurable_bounded_below?(u)`

`measurable_bounded_above`: TYPE+ = `(measurable_bounded_above?) CONTAINING` (λ

`n`:
`λ`
`x`:
`0`)

```

measurable_bounded_below: TYPE+ = (measurable_bounded_below?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    n:
                                                                    λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

measurable_bounded: TYPE+ = (measurable_bounded?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    n:
                                                                    λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

measurable_bounded_above_is_bounded_above: JUDGEMENT measurable_bounded_above SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_bounded_above

measurable_bounded_below_is_bounded_below: JUDGEMENT measurable_bounded_below SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_bounded_below

measurable_bounded_is_measurable_bounded_above: JUDGEMENT measurable_bounded SUBTYPE_OF
measurable_bounded_above

measurable_bounded_is_measurable_bounded_below: JUDGEMENT measurable_bounded SUBTYPE_OF
measurable_bounded_below

measurable_bounded_is_bounded: JUDGEMENT measurable_bounded SUBTYPE_OF
pointwise_bounded

inf_measurable: LEMMA
  ∀ (u: measurable_bounded_below):
    measurable_function?[T, S](inf(u)(n))

sup_measurable: LEMMA
  ∀ (u: measurable_bounded_above):
    measurable_function?[T, S](sup(u)(n))

pointwise_measurable: LEMMA
  u → f ⇒ measurable_function?[T, S](f)

simple?(f): bool =
  measurable_function?[T, S](f) ∧
  is_finite(image(f, fullset[T]))

simple: TYPE+ = (simple?) CONTAINING (λ x: 0)

simple_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT simple SUBTYPE_OF measurable_function

simple_const: LEMMA simple?(λ x: c)

nn_simple?(f): bool = (∀ x: 0 ≤ f(x)) ∧ simple?(f)

nn_simple: TYPE+ = (nn_simple?) CONTAINING (λ x: 0)

```

```

nn_simple_is_simple: JUDGEMENT nn_simple SUBTYPE_OF simple

h, h1, h2: VAR simple

v: VAR sequence[simple]

simple_sq: JUDGEMENT sq(h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_add: JUDGEMENT +(h1, h2) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_scal: JUDGEMENT ×(c, h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_neg: JUDGEMENT -(h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_diff: JUDGEMENT -(h1, h2) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_abs: JUDGEMENT abs(h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_min: JUDGEMENT min(h1, h2) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_max: JUDGEMENT max(h1, h2) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_maximum: JUDGEMENT maximum(v, n) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_minimum: JUDGEMENT minimum(v, n) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_plus: JUDGEMENT plus(h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_minus: JUDGEMENT minus(h) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_times: JUDGEMENT ×(h1, h2) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_expt_nat: JUDGEMENT expt(h, n) HAS_TYPE simple

simple_expt: JUDGEMENT ^ (h: nn_simple, a) HAS_TYPE simple

φX(x): ℕ = IF (x ∈ X) THEN 1 ELSE 0 ENDIF

phi_is_simple: JUDGEMENT φ(X: (S)) HAS_TYPE simple

IMPORTING hausdorff_borel[ℝ, metric_induced_topology], partitions[T]

P: VAR finite_partition[T]

simple_def1: LEMMA
  simple?(f) ⇔
    (is_finite(image(f, fullset[T])) ∧
     (∀ (y: (image(f, fullset[T]))):
       measurable_set?({x | y = f(x)})))

```

```

constant_over?(f)(X): bool =
  ∃ y: ∀ (x: (X)): y = f(x)

simple_def2: LEMMA
  simple?(f) ⇔
    (∃ P: every(S, P) ∧ every(constant_over?(f), P))

simple_def3: LEMMA
  simple?(f) ⇔
    (∃ c1, c2, h1, h2: c1 × h1 + c2 × h2 = f)

IMPORTING sup_norm[T]

bounded_measurable?(f): bool =
  bounded?(f) ∧ measurable_function?(f)

bounded_measurable: TYPE+ = (bounded_measurable?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

bounded_measurable_is_bounded: JUDGEMENT bounded_measurable SUBTYPE_OF
  bounded

bounded_measurable_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT bounded_measurable SUBTYPE_OF
  measurable_function

simple_is_bounded_measurable: JUDGEMENT simple SUBTYPE_OF
  bounded_measurable

nn_bounded_measurable?(f): bool =
  bounded_measurable?(f) ∧ (∀ x: 0 ≤ f(x))

nn_bounded_measurable: TYPE+ = (nn_bounded_measurable?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

nn_bounded_measurable_is_bounded_measurable: JUDGEMENT nn_bounded_measurable SUBTYPE_OF
  bounded_measurable

increasing_nn_simple?(u): bool =
  (∀ n: nn_simple?(u(n))) ∧ pointwise_increasing?(u)

increasing_nn_simple: TYPE+ = (increasing_nn_simple?) CONTAINING (λ
                                                                    n:
                                                                    λ
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

p: VAR nn_bounded_measurable

w: VAR increasing_nn_simple

```

sup_norm_simple: LEMMA

$\exists h:$
 $(\forall x: 0 \leq h(x) \ \& \ h(x) \leq p(x)) \ \wedge$
 $\text{sup_norm}(p - h) \leq \frac{\text{sup_norm}(p)}{2}$

nn_simple_approx(p): nn_simple =

choose($\{h \mid$
 $(\forall x: 0 \leq h(x) \ \& \ h(x) \leq p(x)) \ \wedge$
 $\text{sup_norm}(p - h) \leq$
 $\frac{\text{sup_norm}(p)}{2}\}$)

IMPORTING reals@sigma_nat

nn_simple_sequence(p)(n): RECURSIVE

$\{h \mid \forall x: 0 \leq h(x) \ \& \ h(x) \leq p(x)\} =$
IF $n = 0$
THEN nn_simple_approx(p)
ELSE nn_simple_sequence(p - nn_simple_approx(p))(n - 1)
ENDIF
MEASURE ($\lambda p: \lambda n: n$)

nn_bounded_measurable_as_increasing_simple_sequence: LEMMA

$\exists w: \text{sup_norm_converges_to?}(w, p)$

nn_bounded_measurable_as_sequence_prop: LEMMA

$\text{sup_norm_converges_to?}(w, p) \Rightarrow$
 $(\forall n, x: w(n)(x) \leq p(x))$

bounded_measurable_as_increasing_sequence: LEMMA

$\text{bounded_measurable?}(f) \Rightarrow$
 $(\exists v: \text{sup_norm_converges_to?}(v, f))$

nn_measurable_def: LEMMA

$(\forall x: 0 \leq f(x)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{measurable_function?}(f) \Leftrightarrow (\exists w: w \nearrow f))$

measurable_as_limit_simple_def: LEMMA

$\text{measurable_function?}(f) \Leftrightarrow (\exists v: v \longrightarrow f)$

END measure_space

20 outer_measure_def

```
outer_measure_def [T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ @ $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ ,
            structures@fun_preds_partial
            [N, set[T], restrict[[R, R], [N, N], boolean](reals.≤),
             subset?[T]],
            sets_aux@indexed_sets_aux[N, T]

  f: VAR [set[T] →  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ ]

  X: VAR [N → set[T]]

  a, b: VAR set[T]

  om_empty?(f): bool = f( $\emptyset$ [T]) = (TRUE, 0)

  om_increasing?(f): bool =
     $\forall a, b: (a \subseteq b) \Rightarrow f(a) \leq f(b)$ 

  om_countably_subadditive?(f): bool =
     $\forall X: f(\bigcup X) \leq \sum f \circ X$ 

  outer_measure?(f): bool =
    om_empty?(f)  $\wedge$ 
    om_increasing?(f)  $\wedge$  om_countably_subadditive?(f)

  zero_outer_measure(a):  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$  = (TRUE, 0)

  outer_measure: TYPE+ = (outer_measure?) CONTAINING zero_outer_measure

END outer_measure_def
```

21 ast_def

```

ast_def[T: TYPE, A: (nonempty?[set[T]])]: THEORY
BEGIN

  ASSUMING
  IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]

  A_empty: ASSUMPTION A(∅)

  A_fullset: ASSUMPTION A(fullset)

  A_intersection: ASSUMPTION ∀ (a, b: (A)): A((a ∩ b))

  A_difference: ASSUMPTION
    ∀ (a, b: (A)): finite_disjoint_union?(A)((a \ b))
  ENDASSUMING

  IMPORTING generalized_measure_def[T, A], outer_measure_def[T],  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ @double_index[set[T]]

  μ: VAR measure_type

  z: VAR  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ 

  ε: VAR  $\mathbb{R}_{>0}$ 

  X: VAR set[T]

  Y: VAR (A)

  I: VAR sequence[(A)]

  a, b: VAR set[T]

  i, n: VAR ℕ

  A_difference_union: LEMMA
    A(a) ∧ finite_disjoint_union?(A)(b) ⇒
    finite_disjoint_union?(A)((a \ b))

  measure_subadditive: LEMMA
    A(∪ I) ⇒ μ(∪ I) ≤ ∑ μ ∘ I

  generalized_monotonicity: LEMMA
    disjoint?(I) ∧ (IUnion(n, I) ⊆ Y) ∧ (∀ i: i ≥ n ⇒ empty?(I(i))) ⇒
    ∑ μ ∘ I ≤ μ(Y)

  generalized_measure_monotone: LEMMA
    ∀ (a, b: (A), μ): (a ⊆ b) ⇒ μ(a) ≤ μ(b)

  μ*: outer_measure =

```

$\lambda X:$
 $\inf(\{z \mid \exists I: \sum \mu \circ I = z \wedge (X \subseteq \bigcup I)\})$

outer_measure_eq: LEMMA $\text{ast}(\mu)(Y) = \mu(Y)$

outer_measure_def: LEMMA

$\exists I:$
 $(X \subseteq \bigcup I) \wedge \sum \mu \circ I \leq \text{ast}(\mu)(X) + \varepsilon$

END ast_def

22 outer_measure

```
outer_measure[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) A: subset_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN
```

```
  IMPORTING subset_algebra[T, A], ast_def[T, A]
```

```
END outer_measure
```

23 outer_measure_props

```

outer_measure_props[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING outer_measure_def[T]) m: outer_measure]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING outer_measure_def[T], subset_algebra_def[T], orders@bounded_nats

  i: VAR ℕ

  x, y: VAR set[T]

  A: VAR sequence[set[T]]

  m_outer_empty: LEMMA m(∅[T]) = (TRUE, 0)

  m_outer_increasing: LEMMA (x ⊆ y) ⇒ m(x) ≤ m(y)

  m_outer_subadditive: LEMMA m(⋃ A) ≤ ∑ m ∘ A

  outer_negligible?(x): bool = m(x) = (TRUE, 0)

  outer_measurable?(x): bool =
    ∀ y: m(y) = m((y ∩ x)) + m((y ∩ x̄))

  outer_negligible: TYPE+ = (outer_negligible?) CONTAINING ∅[T]

  outer_measurable: TYPE+ = (outer_measurable?) CONTAINING ∅[T]

  pairwise_subadditive: LEMMA
    m(y) ≤ m((y ∩ x)) + m((y ∩ x̄))

  outer_measurable_def: LEMMA
    outer_measurable?(x) ⇔
      (∀ y:
        m((y ∩ x)) + m((y ∩ x̄)) ≤ m(y))

  outer_negligible_is_outer_measurable: JUDGEMENT outer_negligible SUBTYPE_OF
    outer_measurable

  a, b: VAR outer_measurable

  X: VAR sequence[outer_measurable]

  S: VAR setofsets[T]

  outer_measurable_complement: JUDGEMENT complement(a) HAS_TYPE
    outer_measurable

  outer_measurable_emptyset: JUDGEMENT ∅[T] HAS_TYPE outer_measurable

  outer_measurable_fullset: JUDGEMENT fullset[T] HAS_TYPE
    outer_measurable

```

outer_measurable_union: JUDGEMENT union(a , b) HAS_TYPE
 outer_measurable

outer_measurable_intersection: JUDGEMENT intersection(a , b) HAS_TYPE
 outer_measurable

outer_measurable_difference: JUDGEMENT difference(a , b) HAS_TYPE
 outer_measurable

outer_measurable_disjoint_union: LEMMA
 disjoint?(a , b) \Rightarrow
 $m((x \cap (a \cup b))) = m((x \cap a)) + m((x \cap b))$

outer_measurable_IUnion: JUDGEMENT IUnion(X) HAS_TYPE outer_measurable

outer_measurable_IIIntersection: JUDGEMENT IIIntersection(X) HAS_TYPE
 outer_measurable

outer_measurable_Union: LEMMA
 is_countable(S) \wedge every(outer_measurable?, S) \Rightarrow
 outer_measurable?($\bigcup S$)

outer_measurable_Intersection: LEMMA
 is_countable(S) \wedge every(outer_measurable?, S) \Rightarrow
 outer_measurable?($\bigcap S$)

outer_measurable_disjoint_IUnion: LEMMA
 disjoint?(X) \Rightarrow
 $m((x \cap \bigcup X)) = \sum \lambda i : m((x \cap X(i)))$

outer_measure_disjoint_IUnion: LEMMA
 disjoint?(X) $\Rightarrow m(\bigcup X) = \sum m \circ X$

outer_measurable_is_sigma_algebra: LEMMA
 sigma_algebra?(extend[setof[T], outer_measurable, bool, FALSE]
 (fullset[outer_measurable]))

induced_sigma_algebra: sigma_algebra[T] = (outer_measurable?)

IMPORTING measure_def[T , induced_sigma_algebra]

induced_measure: complete_measure =
 restrict[set[T], (induced_sigma_algebra), $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$](m)

induced_measure_rew: LEMMA induced_measure(a) = $m(a)$

n , n_1 , n_2 : VAR outer_negligible

outer_negligible_emptyset: JUDGEMENT $\emptyset[T]$ HAS_TYPE outer_negligible

```
outer_negligible_union: JUDGEMENT union( $n_1$ ,  $n_2$ ) HAS_TYPE
  outer_negligible

outer_negligible_subset: LEMMA ( $x \subseteq n$ )  $\Rightarrow$  outer_negligible?( $x$ )

END outer_measure_props
```

24 measure_props

```

measure_props[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
              (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space_def[T, S], sigma_algebra[T, S],
            structures@fun_preds_partial
            [N, set[T], restrict[[R, R], [N, N], boolean](reals.<=),
             subset?[T]],
            measure_def[T, S], series@series_aux

  n, i: VAR N

  a, b, M: VAR measurable_set

  x, y: VAR  $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ 

  X: VAR sequence[ $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$ ]

  DX: VAR disjoint_indexed_measurable

  E: VAR sequence[measurable_set]

  mu_fin?(M): bool = m(M)‘1

  mu(M: {m: (S) | mu_fin?(m)}):  $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$  = m(M)‘2

  m_emptyset: LEMMA m( $\emptyset[T]$ ) = (TRUE, 0)

  m_countably_additive: LEMMA  $\sum m \circ DX = m(\bigcup DX)$ 

  m_disjoint_union: LEMMA
    disjoint?(a, b)  $\Rightarrow m((a \cup b)) = m(a) + m(b)$ 

  m_monotone: LEMMA (a  $\subseteq$  b)  $\Rightarrow m(a) \leq m(b)$ 

  m_union: LEMMA m((a  $\cup$  b))  $\leq m(a) + m(b)$ 

  m_increasing_convergence: LEMMA
    increasing?(E)  $\Rightarrow$  x_converges?(m  $\circ$  E, m( $\bigcup E$ ))

  m_decreasing_convergence: LEMMA
    decreasing?(E)  $\wedge$  mu_fin?(E(0))  $\Rightarrow$ 
    x_converges?(m  $\circ$  E, m( $\bigcap E$ ))

END measure_props

```

25 measure_theory

```
measure_theory[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space_def[T, S], sigma_algebra[T, S], measure_props[T, S, m],
    sets_aux@countable_indexed_sets

  a, b: VAR measurable_set

  X, Y: VAR set[T]

  P: VAR set[T]

  p: VAR pred[[ $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ]]

  f, g: VAR [T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]

  F, G: VAR sequence[[T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]]

  x: VAR T

  i, j, n: VAR  $\mathbb{N}$ 

  Z: VAR setofsets[T]

  null_set?(X): bool =
    measurable_set?(X)  $\wedge$  mu_fin?(X)  $\wedge$   $\mu(X) = 0$ 

  negligible_set?(Y): bool =  $\exists X$ : null_set?(X)  $\wedge$  (Y  $\subseteq$  X)

  null_set: TYPE+ = (null_set?) CONTAINING  $\emptyset$ [T]

  negligible: TYPE+ = (negligible_set?) CONTAINING  $\emptyset$ [T]

  N, N1, N2: VAR null_set

  NS: VAR sequence[null_set]

  E, E1, E2: VAR negligible

  ES: VAR sequence[negligible]

  negligible_iff_measurable_null: LEMMA
    (negligible_set?(X)  $\wedge$  measurable_set?(X))  $\Leftrightarrow$  null_set?(X)

  null_set_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT null_set SUBTYPE_OF measurable_set

  null_is_negligible: JUDGEMENT null_set SUBTYPE_OF negligible
```

`null_emptyset`: JUDGEMENT $\emptyset[T]$ HAS_TYPE `null_set`
`null_union`: JUDGEMENT `union`(N_1, N_2) HAS_TYPE `null_set`
`null_intersection`: JUDGEMENT `intersection`(N_1, N_2) HAS_TYPE `null_set`
`null_difference`: JUDGEMENT `difference`(N_1, N_2) HAS_TYPE `null_set`
`null_IUnion`: JUDGEMENT `IUnion`(NS) HAS_TYPE `null_set`
`null_Union`: LEMMA
 $\text{every}(\text{null_set?}, Z) \wedge \text{is_countable}(Z) \Rightarrow \text{null_set?}(\bigcup Z)$
`negligible_emptyset`: JUDGEMENT $\emptyset[T]$ HAS_TYPE `negligible`
`negligible_union`: JUDGEMENT `union`(E_1, E_2) HAS_TYPE `negligible`
`negligible_intersection`: JUDGEMENT `intersection`(E_1, E_2) HAS_TYPE `negligible`
`negligible_IUnion`: JUDGEMENT `IUnion`(ES) HAS_TYPE `negligible`
`negligible_Union`: LEMMA
 $\text{every}(\text{negligible_set?}, Z) \wedge \text{is_countable}(Z) \Rightarrow \text{negligible_set?}(\bigcup Z)$
`negligible_subset`: LEMMA $(X \subseteq E) \Rightarrow \text{negligible_set?}(X)$
`ae_in?(P)(X)`: bool =
 $\exists E: \forall (x: (X)): (\neg (x \in E)) \Rightarrow (x \in P)$
`ae?(P)`: bool = `ae_in?(P)(fullset[T])`
`pointwise_ae?(p)(f, g)`: bool =
 $\text{ae?}(\lambda x: p(f(x), g(x)))$
`ae?(p)(f, g)`: bool = `pointwise_ae?(p)(f, g)`
`f = 0 a.e.`: bool =
 $\text{pointwise_ae?}(\text{restrict}[[\text{number}, \text{number}], [\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}], \text{boolean}](=))$
 $(f, \lambda x: 0)$
`f ≥ 0 a.e.`: bool = `pointwise_ae?(≤)((λ x: 0), f)`
`f > 0 a.e.`: bool = `pointwise_ae?(<)((λ x: 0), f)`
`f ≤ g a.e.`: bool = `pointwise_ae?(≤)(f, g)`
`f = g a.e.`: bool =
 $\text{pointwise_ae?}(\text{restrict}[[\text{number}, \text{number}], [\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}], \text{boolean}](=))$
 (f, g)

`ae_eq_equivalence`: LEMMA `equivalence?(ae_eq?)`
`ae_le_reflexive`: LEMMA `reflexive?(ae_le?)`
`ae_le_antisymmetric`: LEMMA
 $f \leq g \text{ a.e.} \wedge g \leq f \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow f = g \text{ a.e.}$
`ae_le_transitive`: LEMMA `transitive?(ae_le?)`
`ae_convergence_in?` $(X)(F, f)$: bool =
`ae_in?` $(\lambda x: \lambda n: F(n)(x) \longrightarrow f(x))(X)$
`ae_cauchy_in?` $(X)(F)$: bool =
`ae_in?` $(\lambda x: \text{cauchy?}(\lambda n: F(n)(x)))(X)$
 $F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.}$: bool = `ae_convergence_in?` $(\text{fullset}[T])(F, f)$
`ae_cauchy?` (F) : bool = `ae_cauchy_in?` $(\text{fullset}[T])(F)$
`ae_convergence_cauchy`: LEMMA $F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow \text{ae_cauchy?}(F)$
`ae_convergence_eq`: LEMMA
 $F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow (F \longrightarrow g \text{ a.e.} \Leftrightarrow f = g \text{ a.e.})$
`ae_eq_convergence`: LEMMA
 $F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.} \wedge (\forall n: F(n) = G(n) \text{ a.e.}) \Rightarrow$
 $G \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.}$
`increasing?` $(F) \text{ a.e.}$: bool =
 $\exists E:$
 $\forall x:$
 $\neg (x \in E) \Rightarrow$
 $(\forall i, j: i \leq j \Rightarrow F(i)(x) \leq F(j)(x))$
`decreasing?` $(F) \text{ a.e.}$: bool =
 $\exists E:$
 $\forall x:$
 $\neg (x \in E) \Rightarrow$
 $(\forall i, j: i \leq j \Rightarrow F(j)(x) \leq F(i)(x))$
`ae_monotonic_converges?` (F, f) : bool =
 $F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.} \wedge (\text{increasing?}(F) \text{ a.e.} \vee \text{decreasing?}(F) \text{ a.e.})$
`ae_convergent?` (F) : bool = $\exists f: F \longrightarrow f \text{ a.e.}$
END `measure_theory`

26 monotone_classes

```
monotone_classes[T: TYPE, C: (nonempty?[set[T]])]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]

  a, b: VAR (C)

  x: VAR (S(C))

  IMPORTING measure_def[T, (S(C))], sigma_algebra, measure_props

  monotone_finite_measures: COROLLARY
     $\forall (\nu, \mu: \text{finite\_measure}):$ 
     $(\forall a, b: ((a \cap b) \in C)) \wedge$ 
     $(\forall a: \text{finite\_disjoint\_union?}(C)(\bar{a})) \wedge (\forall a: \mu(a) = \nu(a))$ 
     $\Rightarrow (\forall x: \mu(x) = \nu(x))$ 

END monotone_classes
```

27 hahn_kolmogorov

```
hahn_kolmogorov [T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def [T]) A: subset_algebra,  
                (IMPORTING measure_def [T, A]) μ: measure_type]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING outer_measure [T, A], outer_measure_props [T, μ*]  
  
  x: VAR (A)  
  
  algebra_in_induced_sigma_algebra: LEMMA (A ⊆ induced_sigma_algebra)  
  
  IMPORTING measure_theory [T, induced_sigma_algebra, induced_measure]  
  
  induced_measure_measure: LEMMA induced_measure(x) = μ(x)  
  
END hahn_kolmogorov
```

Part IV

Finite Measures

28 finite_measure

```

finite_measure[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
                (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: finite_measure]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING sets_aux@sets_lemmas_aux, sets_aux@indexed_sets_aux[ℕ, T], sigma_algebra[T, S],
          series@series_aux,
          structures@fun_preds_partial
          [ℕ, set[T], restrict[[ℝ, ℝ], [ℕ, ℕ], boolean](reals.≤),
           subset?[T]]

  X: VAR [ℕ → (S)]

  A, B: VAR (S)

  fm_emptyset: LEMMA μ(∅) = 0

  fm_convergence: LEMMA
    disjoint?(X) ⇒ series(μ ∘ X) → μ(⋃ X)

  fm_disjointunion: LEMMA
    disjoint?(A, B) ⇒
      μ((A ∪ B)) = μ(A) + μ(B)

  fm_complement: LEMMA μ(Ā) = μ(fullset) - μ(A)

  fm_union: LEMMA
    μ((A ∪ B)) =
      μ(A) + μ(B) - μ((A ∩ B))

  fm_intersection: LEMMA
    μ((A ∩ B)) =
      μ(A) + μ(B) - μ((A ∪ B))

  fm_difference: LEMMA
    μ((A \ B)) =
      μ(A) - μ(B) + μ((B \ A))

  fm_subset: LEMMA
    (A ⊆ B) ⇒ μ(B) = μ(A) + μ((B \ A))

  fm_subset_le: LEMMA (A ⊆ B) ⇒ μ(A) ≤ μ(B)

  fm_monotone: LEMMA (A ⊆ B) ⇒ μ(A) ≤ μ(B)

  fm_IUnion: LEMMA increasing?(X) ⇒ μ ∘ X → μ(⋃ X)

```

```
fm_Intersection: LEMMA
  decreasing?(X) ⇒ μ ∘ X → μ(∩ X)

IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]

measure_from: measure_type = λ A: (TRUE, μ(A))

END finite_measure
```

Part V

Complete Measures

29 complete_measure_theory

```
complete_measure_theory[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                           (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: complete_measure]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING measure_space_def[T, S], sigma_algebra[T, S], measure_theory[T, S, μ],  
            measure_props[T, S, μ]  
  
  N: VAR null_set  
  
  X: VAR set[T]  
  
  E: VAR negligible  
  
  f: VAR [T → ℝ]  
  
  g: VAR measurable_function  
  
  null_subset: LEMMA (X ⊆ N) ⇒ null_set?(X)  
  
  null_is_negligible: LEMMA null_set?(X) ⇔ negligible_set?(X)  
  
  ae_eq_measurable: LEMMA f = g a.e. ⇒ measurable_function?(f)  
  
END complete_measure_theory
```

30 measure_completion_aux

measure_completion_aux[T: TYPE]: THEORY
BEGIN

IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T], measure_def, measure_theory, measure_props

XS: VAR setofsets[T]

A, B, X: VAR set[T]

z: VAR $\overline{\mathbb{R}}_{\geq 0}$

almost_measurable?(S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S])(X): bool =
 $\exists (Y: (S), N_1, N_2: negligible[T, S, m]):$
 $X = ((Y \cup N_1) \setminus N_2)$

empty_almost_measurable: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $almost_measurable?(S, m)(\emptyset[T])$

complement_almost_measurable: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $almost_measurable?(S, m)(X) \Leftrightarrow$
 $almost_measurable?(S, m)(\overline{X})$

Union_almost_measurable: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $every(almost_measurable?(S, m), XS) \wedge is_countable(XS) \Rightarrow$
 $almost_measurable?(S, m)(\bigcup XS)$

completion(S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]): sigma_algebra[T] =
 $\{X \mid almost_measurable?(S, m)(X)\}$

generated_completion: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $S((S \cup extend [setof[T], negligible[T, S, m], bool, FALSE](fullset[negligible[T, S, m]])))$
 $= completion(S, m)$

completion_extends: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $S(X) \Rightarrow completion(S, m)(X)$

negligible_completion: LEMMA
 $\forall (S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):$
 $negligible_set?[T, S, m](X) \Rightarrow completion(S, m)(X)$

is_completion(S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S])(A, B): bool =
 $completion(S, m)(A) \wedge S(B) \Rightarrow$
 $(\exists (N_1, N_2: negligible[T, S, m]):$
 $A = ((B \cup N_1) \setminus N_2))$

m_completions: LEMMA

$$\begin{aligned} &\forall (S: \text{sigma_algebra}[T], m: \text{measure_type}[T, S], X, A, B): \\ &\text{completion}(S, m)(X) \wedge \\ &\quad S(A) \wedge \\ &\quad S(B) \wedge \text{is_completion}(S, m)(X, A) \wedge \text{is_completion}(S, m)(X, B) \\ &\Rightarrow m(A) = m(B) \end{aligned}$$

choose_completion: LEMMA

$$\begin{aligned} &\forall (S: \text{sigma_algebra}[T], m: \text{measure_type}[T, S], X): \\ &\text{completion}(S, m)(X) \Rightarrow \\ &\quad \text{is_completion}(S, m) \\ &\quad (X, \\ &\quad \quad \text{choose}(\{Y: (S) \mid \\ &\quad \quad \quad \exists (N_1, N_2: \text{negligible}[T, S, m]): \\ &\quad \quad \quad X = ((Y \cup N_1) \setminus N_2)\})) \end{aligned}$$

completion(S: sigma_algebra[T], m: measure_type[T, S]):

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{complete_measure}[T, \text{completion}(S, m)] = \\ &\lambda (X: (\text{completion}(S, m))): \\ &\quad m(\text{choose}(\{Y: (S) \mid \\ &\quad \quad \exists (N_1, N_2: \text{negligible}[T, S, m]): \\ &\quad \quad X = ((Y \cup N_1) \setminus N_2)\})) \end{aligned}$$

completion_measurable: LEMMA

$$\begin{aligned} &\forall (S: \text{sigma_algebra}[T], m: \text{measure_type}[T, S], X: (S)): \\ &\text{completion}(S, m)(X) = m(X) \end{aligned}$$

completion_negligible: LEMMA

$$\begin{aligned} &\forall (S: \text{sigma_algebra}[T], m: \text{measure_type}[T, S], N: \text{negligible}[T, S, m]): \\ &\text{completion}(S, m)(N) = (\text{TRUE}, 0) \end{aligned}$$

END measure_completion_aux

31 measure_completion

```
measure_completion[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING measure_completion_aux[T], measure_theory[T, S, m]  
  
  X: VAR (S)  
  
  N: VAR negligible[T, S, m]  
  
  sigma_algebra_completion: sigma_algebra[T] = completion(S, m)  
  
  generated_completion: LEMMA  
    S((S ∪ extend [setof[T], negligible[T, S, m], bool, FALSE](fullset[negligible[T, S, m]])))  
    = sigma_algebra_completion  
  
  completion: complete_measure[T, completion(S, m)] =  
    completion(S, m)  
  
  completion_measurable: LEMMA completion(X) = m(X)  
  
  completion_negligible: LEMMA completion(N) = (TRUE, 0)  
  
END measure_completion
```

Part VI

Integration

32 isf

```
isf[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space[T, S], measure_theory[T, S, m], measure_props[T, S, m]

  x: VAR T

  f: VAR [T → ℝ]

  g: VAR measurable_function

  X: VAR (S)

  Y: VAR set[T]

  nonzero_set?(f): set[T] = {x | f(x) ≠ 0}

  nonzero_measurable: LEMMA measurable_set?(nonzero_set?(g))

  nonzero_set_phi: LEMMA nonzero_set?(ϕX) = X

  isf?(f): bool = simple?(f) ∧ mu_fin?(nonzero_set?(f))

  isf_zero: LEMMA isf?(λ x: 0)

  isf: TYPE+ = (isf?) CONTAINING (λ x: 0)

  isf_is_simple: JUDGEMENT isf SUBTYPE_OF simple

  i, i1, i2: VAR isf

  w: VAR sequence[isf]

  c: VAR ℝ

  n: VAR ℕ

  pn: VAR ℕ>0

  E: VAR (mu_fin?)

  h: VAR simple

  mx: VAR ℝ≥0
```

```

isf_add: JUDGEMENT  $+(i_1, i_2)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_scal: JUDGEMENT  $\times(c, i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_opp: JUDGEMENT  $-(i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_diff: JUDGEMENT  $-(i_1, i_2)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_abs: JUDGEMENT  $\text{abs}(i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_min: JUDGEMENT  $\min(i_1, i_2)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_max: JUDGEMENT  $\max(i_1, i_2)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_minimum: JUDGEMENT  $\text{minimum}(w, n)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_maximum: JUDGEMENT  $\text{maximum}(w, n)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_plus: JUDGEMENT  $\text{plus}(i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_minus: JUDGEMENT  $\text{minus}(i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_sq: JUDGEMENT  $\text{sq}(i)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_prod: JUDGEMENT  $\times(i_1, i_2)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_phi: JUDGEMENT  $\phi(E)$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_expt: JUDGEMENT  $\text{expt}(i, \text{pn})$  HAS_TYPE isf
isf_times_simple_is_isf: JUDGEMENT  $\times(i, h)$  HAS_TYPE isf

P: VAR pred[isf]

isf_induction: LEMMA
  ( $P(\lambda x: 0) \wedge (\forall c, E, i: P(i) \Rightarrow P(c \times \phi_E + i))$ )  $\Rightarrow$ 
   $P(i)$ 

p, p1, p2: VAR finite_partition[T]

finite_partition_of?(f)(p): bool =
   $\forall (E: (p)):$ 
   $S(E) \wedge$ 
   $\text{constant\_over?}(f)(E) \wedge$ 
   $(\text{empty?}(E) \vee f(\text{choose}(E)) = 0 \vee \text{mu\_fin?}(E))$ 

isf_def: LEMMA
   $\text{isf?}(f) \Leftrightarrow (\exists (p: (\text{finite\_partition\_of?}(f)))): \text{TRUE}$ 

IMPORTING sigma_set@sigma_countable

```

```

isf_integral(i): ℝ =
  ∑image[T, ℝ](i, fullset[T]) λ c: IF c = 0 THEN 0 ELSE c × μ(inverse_image [T, ℝ](i, singleton [ℝ](c)))

isf_integral_phi: LEMMA isf_integral(φE) = μ(E)

isf_integral_zero: LEMMA isf_integral(λ x: 0) = 0

isf_integral_def: LEMMA
  finite_partition_of?(i)(p) ⇒
  isf_integral(i) =
  LET f =
    λ Y:
      IF (¬ p(Y)) ∨ empty?(Y) ∨ i(choose[T](Y)) = 0
      THEN 0
      ELSE i(choose[T](Y)) × μ(Y)
  ENDIF
  IN ∑p f

isf_integral_scal: LEMMA
  isf_integral(c × i) = c × isf_integral(i)

isf_integral_opp: LEMMA
  isf_integral(-i) = -isf_integral(i)

isf_integral_add: LEMMA
  isf_integral(i1 + i2) =
  isf_integral(i1) + isf_integral(i2)

isf_integral_diff: LEMMA
  isf_integral(i1 - i2) =
  isf_integral(i1) - isf_integral(i2)

isf_integral_pos: LEMMA
  (∀ x: i(x) ≥ 0) ⇒ isf_integral(i) ≥ 0

isf_integral_le: LEMMA
  (∀ x: i1(x) ≤ i2(x)) ⇒
  isf_integral(i1) ≤ isf_integral(i2)

isf_integral_abs: LEMMA
  |isf_integral(i)| ≤ isf_integral(|i|)

isf_bounded: LEMMA
  ∃ nnx: ∀ x: -nnx ≤ i(x) ∧ i(x) ≤ nnx

isf_integral_bound: LEMMA
  (∀ x: |i(x)| ≤ nnx) ⇒
  isf_integral(|i|) ≤ nnx × μ(nonzero_set?(i))

isf_ae_0: LEMMA

```

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{simple?}(f) \wedge f = 0 \text{ a.e.}) \Leftrightarrow \\ & (\text{isf?}(f) \wedge \text{isf_integral}(|f|) = 0) \end{aligned}$$

isf_ae_eq: LEMMA

$$i_1 = i_2 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow \text{isf_integral}(i_1) = \text{isf_integral}(i_2)$$

isf_ae_0_le: LEMMA $i \geq 0 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow 0 \leq \text{isf_integral}(i)$

isf_ae_le: LEMMA

$$i_1 \leq i_2 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow \text{isf_integral}(i_1) \leq \text{isf_integral}(i_2)$$

isf_ae_ge_0: LEMMA $i \geq 0 \text{ a.e.} \wedge \text{isf_integral}(i) = 0 \Rightarrow i = 0 \text{ a.e.}$

u : VAR increasing_nn_simple

isf_convergence: LEMMA

$$u \nearrow i \Rightarrow (\text{isf_integral} \circ u) \nearrow \text{isf_integral}(i)$$

END isf

33 nn_integral

```

nn_integral[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra.def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
              (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space[T, S], measure_props[T, S, m], measure_theory[T, S, m],
            isf[T, S, m]

  convergent?: MACRO pred[sequence[ $\mathbb{R}$ ]] =
    topological_convergence.convergent?

  limit: MACRO [convergent  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ] = topological_convergence.limit

  n: VAR  $\mathbb{N}$ 

  pn: VAR  $\mathbb{N}_{>0}$ 

  x: VAR T

  c: VAR  $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ 

  E: VAR measurable_set

  F: VAR (mu_fin?)

  g: VAR measurable_function

  h: VAR nn_bounded_measurable

  nn_isf?(i: isf): bool =  $\forall x: i(x) \geq 0$ 

  nn_isf: TYPE+ = (nn_isf?) CONTAINING ( $\lambda x: 0$ )

  i: VAR nn_isf

  w: VAR sequence[nn_isf]

  increasing_nn_isf?(u: sequence[nn_isf]): bool =
    pointwise_increasing?(u)

  increasing_nn_isf: TYPE+ = (increasing_nn_isf?) CONTAINING ( $\lambda$ 
                                                                    n:
                                                                     $\lambda$ 
                                                                    x:
                                                                    0)

  u, u1, u2: VAR increasing_nn_isf

  nn_integrable?(g: [T  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ]): bool =
     $\exists u:$ 

```

$u \longrightarrow g \wedge$
 $\text{topological_convergence.convergent?}(\text{isf_integral} \circ u)$

$\text{nn_integrable_zero: LEMMA nn_integrable?}(\lambda x: 0)$

$\text{nn_integrable: TYPE+} = (\text{nn_integrable?}) \text{ CONTAINING } (\lambda x: 0)$

$f, f_1, f_2: \text{VAR nn_integrable}$

$\text{nn_integrable_is_nonneg: LEMMA } f(x) \geq 0$

$\text{nn_integrable_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT nn_integrable SUBTYPE_OF}$
 $\text{measurable_function}$

$\text{nn_convergence: LEMMA}$
 $u_1 \longrightarrow f \wedge$
 $u_2 \longrightarrow f \wedge \text{topological_convergence.convergent?}(\text{isf_integral} \circ u_1)$
 \Rightarrow
 $(\text{topological_convergence.convergent?}(\text{isf_integral} \circ u_2) \wedge$
 $\text{topological_convergence.limit}(\text{isf_integral} \circ u_1) =$
 $\text{topological_convergence.limit}(\text{isf_integral} \circ u_2))$

$\text{nn_integral}(f): \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} =$
 $\text{topological_convergence.limit}$
 $(\text{isf_integral} \circ \text{choose}(\{u \mid u \longrightarrow f\}))$

$\text{nn_integrable_add: JUDGEMENT } +(f_1, f_2) \text{ HAS_TYPE nn_integrable}$

$\text{nn_integrable_scal: JUDGEMENT } \times(c, f) \text{ HAS_TYPE nn_integrable}$

$\text{nn_isf_is_nn_integrable: JUDGEMENT nn_isf SUBTYPE_OF nn_integrable}$

$\text{nn_integral_isf: LEMMA nn_integral}(i) = \text{isf_integral}(i)$

$\text{nn_integrable_le: LEMMA}$
 $(\forall x: 0 \leq g(x) \wedge g(x) \leq f(x)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{nn_integrable?}(g) \wedge \text{nn_integral}(g) \leq \text{nn_integral}(f))$

$\text{nn_integral_zero: LEMMA nn_integral}(\lambda x: 0) = 0$

$\text{nn_integral_phi: LEMMA nn_integral}(\phi_F) = \mu(F)$

$\text{nn_integral_add: LEMMA}$
 $\text{nn_integral}(f_1 + f_2) =$
 $\text{nn_integral}(f_1) + \text{nn_integral}(f_2)$

$\text{nn_integral_scal: LEMMA}$
 $\text{nn_integral}(c \times f) = c \times \text{nn_integral}(f)$

$\text{nn_integrable_prod: JUDGEMENT } \times(f, h) \text{ HAS_TYPE nn_integrable}$

nn_indefinite_integrable: LEMMA nn_integrable?($\phi_E \times f$)

nn_0_le: LEMMA $0 \leq \text{nn_integral}(f)$

nn_integral_def: LEMMA

$\exists u:$
 $u \longrightarrow f \wedge \text{isf_integral} \circ u \longrightarrow \text{nn_integral}(f)$

END nn_integral

34 integral

```
∫[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_space[T, S], measure_theory[T, S, m], nn_integral[T, S, m]

  g, g1, g2, g3, g4: VAR nn_integrable

  x: VAR T

  integrable?(f: [T → ℝ]): bool =
    ∃ (g, h: nn_integrable): f = g - h

  integrable: TYPE+ = (integrable?) CONTAINING (λ x: 0)

  nn_integrable_is_integrable: JUDGEMENT nn_integrable SUBTYPE_OF
    integrable

  isf_is_integrable: JUDGEMENT isf SUBTYPE_OF integrable

  integrable_is_measurable: JUDGEMENT integrable SUBTYPE_OF
    measurable_function

  f, f1, f2: VAR integrable

  w: VAR sequence[integrable]

  f0: VAR [T → ℝ]

  h: VAR measurable_function

  ε: VAR ℝ>0

  c: VAR ℝ

  nnc: VAR ℝ≥0

  E: VAR measurable_set

  F: VAR (mu_fin?)

  i: VAR isf

  n: VAR ℕ

  integrable_equiv: LEMMA
    g1 - g3 = g2 - g4 ⇒
      nn_integral(g1) - nn_integral(g3) =
        nn_integral(g2) - nn_integral(g4)
```

integrable_add: JUDGEMENT $+(f_1, f_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_scal: JUDGEMENT $\times(c, f)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_opp: JUDGEMENT $-(f)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_diff: JUDGEMENT $-(f_1, f_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_zero: LEMMA integrable? $(\lambda x: 0)$
 integrals(f): set $[\mathbb{R}] =$
 $\{c \mid$
 $\exists (g, h: \text{nn_integrable}):$
 $f = g - h \wedge$
 $c = \text{nn_integral}(g) - \text{nn_integral}(h)\}$
 nonempty_integrals: LEMMA nonempty? $[\mathbb{R}]$ (integrals(f))
 singleton_integrals: LEMMA singleton? $[\mathbb{R}]$ (integrals(f))
 $\int f: \mathbb{R} = \text{choose}[\mathbb{R}]$ (integrals(f))
 nn_integrable_is_nn_integrable: LEMMA
 $(\forall x: f(x) \geq 0) \Rightarrow \text{nn_integrable?}(f)$
 integral_nn: LEMMA $\int g = \text{nn_integral}(g)$
 integral_zero: LEMMA $\int \lambda x: 0 = 0$
 integral_phi: LEMMA $\int \phi_F = \mu(F)$
 integral_add: LEMMA $\int f_1 + f_2 = \int f_1 + \int f_2$
 integral_scal: LEMMA $\int c \times f = c \times \int f$
 integral_opp: LEMMA $\int -f = -\int f$
 integral_diff: LEMMA $\int f_1 - f_2 = \int f_1 - \int f_2$
 integral_nonneg: LEMMA $(\forall x: f(x) \geq 0) \Rightarrow \int f \geq 0$
 integrable_abs: JUDGEMENT abs(f) HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_max: JUDGEMENT max(f_1, f_2) HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_min: JUDGEMENT min(f_1, f_2) HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_plus: JUDGEMENT plus(f) HAS_TYPE integrable
 integrable_minus: JUDGEMENT minus(f) HAS_TYPE integrable

integral_abs: LEMMA $|\int f| \leq \int |f|$
integrable_pm_def: LEMMA
 $\text{integrable?}(f_0) \Leftrightarrow$
 $(\text{integrable?}(f_0^+) \wedge \text{integrable?}(f_0^-))$
integral_pm: LEMMA $\int f = \int f^+ - \int f^-$
integrable_abs_def: LEMMA $\text{integrable?}(|h|) \Leftrightarrow \text{integrable?}(h)$
integrable_nz_finite: LEMMA
 $\text{measurable_set?}(\{x \mid |f(x)| \geq \varepsilon\}) \wedge$
 $\mu_fin?(\{x \mid |f(x)| \geq \varepsilon\})$
isf_integral: LEMMA $\int i = \text{isf_integral}(i)$
integral_ae_eq: LEMMA
 $f = h \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow (\text{integrable?}(h) \wedge \int f = \int h)$
integral_prod: LEMMA
 $|h| \leq \lambda \text{ x : nnc a.e.} \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{integrable?}(f \times h) \wedge$
 $\int |f \times h| \leq \text{nnc} \times \int |f|)$
indefinite_integrable: LEMMA $\text{integrable?}(\phi_E \times f)$
integral_ae_le: LEMMA $f_1 \leq f_2 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow \int f_1 \leq \int f_2$
integral_ae_abs: LEMMA
 $|h| \leq |f| \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{integrable?}(h) \wedge |\int h| \leq \int |f|)$
bounded_is_indefinite_integrable: LEMMA
 $\text{bounded?}(\phi_F \times h) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{integrable?}(\phi_F \times h) \wedge$
 $|\int \phi_F \times h| \leq$
 $\mu(F) \times \text{sup_norm}(\phi_F \times h))$
integral_abs_0: LEMMA $\int |f| = 0 \Rightarrow f = 0 \text{ a.e.}$
measurable_ae_0: LEMMA
 $h = 0 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow (\text{integrable?}(h) \wedge \int h = 0)$
integral_ae_ge_0: LEMMA $f \geq 0 \text{ a.e.} \wedge \int f = 0 \Rightarrow f = 0 \text{ a.e.}$
integrable_maximum: JUDGEMENT $\text{maximum}(w, n)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
integrable_minimum: JUDGEMENT $\text{minimum}(w, n)$ HAS_TYPE integrable
integrable_split: LEMMA

$\forall (h: [T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}]):$
integrable?(h) \Leftrightarrow
integrable?($\phi_E \times h$) \wedge
integrable?($\phi_{\overline{E}} \times h$)

integral_split: LEMMA

$$\int f = \int \phi_E \times f + \int \phi_{\overline{E}} \times f$$

END \int

35 finite_integral

```
finite_integral[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: finite_measure]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING ∫[T, S, to_measure(μ)]  
  
  bounded_measurable_is_integrable: JUDGEMENT bounded_measurable SUBTYPE_OF  
    integrable  
  
END finite_integral
```

36 integral_convergence_scaf

```
integral_convergence_scaf [T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def [T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                           (IMPORTING measure_def [T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING measure_space [T, S], measure_theory [T, S, m],  $\int$  [T, S, m]  
  
   $f$ : VAR [T  $\rightarrow$   $\mathbb{R}$ ]  
  
   $F$ : VAR sequence[integrable]  
  
  monotone_convergence_scaf: LEMMA  
     $F \nearrow f \wedge \text{bounded?}(f \circ F) \Rightarrow$   
     $(\text{integrable?}(f) \wedge (f \circ F) \nearrow \int f)$   
  
END integral_convergence_scaf
```

37 integral_convergence

```
integral_convergence[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                    (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING integral_convergence_scaf[T, S, m]  
  
  i, j, n: VAR ℕ  
  
  f, g: VAR integrable  
  
  F: VAR sequence[integrable]  
  
  E: VAR negligible  
  
  x: VAR T  
  
  monotone_convergence: THEOREM  
    increasing?(F) a.e. ⇒  
    (((∃ f: F → f a.e.) ⇔ bounded?(f ∘ F)) ∧  
     (∀ f: F → f a.e. ⇒ (f ∘ F) ↗ ∫ f))  
  
  dominated_convergence: THEOREM  
    (∀ n: |F(n)| ≤ f a.e.) ∧ ae_convergent?(F) ⇒  
    (∃ g: F → g a.e. ∧ ∫ ∘ F → ∫ g)  
  
END integral_convergence
```

38 complete_integral

```
complete_integral[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,  
                  (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: complete_measure]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING complete_measure_theory[T, S, μ], ∫[T, S, μ],  
            integral_convergence[T, S, μ]  
  
  f: VAR integrable  
  
  h: VAR [T → ℝ]  
  
  F: VAR sequence[integrable]  
  
  n: VAR ℕ  
  
  x: VAR T  
  
  complete_integral_ae_eq: LEMMA  
    f = h a.e. ⇒ (integrable?(h) ∧ ∫ f = ∫ h)  
  
  complete_measurable_ae_0: LEMMA  
    h = 0 a.e. ⇒ (integrable?(h) ∧ ∫ h = 0)  
  
  monotone_convergence_complete: THEOREM  
    ae_monotonic_converges?(F, h) ∧ bounded?(∫ ∘ F) ⇒  
    (integrable?(h) ∧  
     monotonic_converges?((∫ ∘ F), ∫ h))  
  
  dominated_convergence_complete: THEOREM  
    (∀ n: |F(n)| ≤ f a.e.) ∧ F → h a.e. ⇒  
    (integrable?(h) ∧ ∫ ∘ F → ∫ h)  
  
END complete_integral
```

39 indefinite_integral

```

indefinite_integral[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
                    (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) m: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_props[T, S, m], ∫[T, S, m], integral_convergence[T, S, m]

  f, f1, f2: VAR integrable

  g: VAR [T → ℝ]

  h: VAR measurable_function[T, S]

  DX: VAR disjoint_indexed_measurable

  E, E1, E2: VAR measurable_set

  F: VAR (mu_fin?)

  N: VAR null_set

  c: VAR ℝ

  x: VAR T

  n: VAR ℕ

  integrable?(E)(g): bool = integrable?(ϕE × g)

  ∫E: measurable_set f: (integrable?(E)): ℝ =
    ∫ ϕE × f

  indefinite_emptyset: LEMMA ∫∅ g = 0

  indefinite_fullset: LEMMA ∫fullset f = ∫ f

  indefinite_eq_0: LEMMA
    ∀ (E: measurable_set, f: (integrable?(E))):
      ae.in?(λ x: f(x) > 0)(E) ∧ ∫ ϕE × f = 0 ⇒
        (mu_fin?(E) ∧ μ(E) = 0)

  indefinite_eq: LEMMA
    (∀ E: ∫E f1 = ∫E f2) ⇒ f1 = f2 a.e.

  indefinite_phi: LEMMA ∫E ϕF = μ((E ∩ F))

  indefinite_add: LEMMA
    ∀ (E: measurable_set, f1, f2: (integrable?(E))):
      ∫E f1 + f2 = ∫E f1 + ∫E f2

```

indefinite_scal: LEMMA

$$\forall (E: \text{measurable_set}, f: (\text{integrable?}(E))): \\ \int_E (c \times f) = c \times \int_E f$$

indefinite_opp: LEMMA

$$\forall (E: \text{measurable_set}, f: (\text{integrable?}(E))): \\ \int_E -f = -\int_E f$$

indefinite_diff: LEMMA

$$\forall (E: \text{measurable_set}, f_1, f_2: (\text{integrable?}(E))): \\ \int_E f_1 - f_2 = \int_E f_1 - \int_E f_2$$

indefinite_ae_eq: LEMMA

$$f_1 = f_2 \text{ a.e.} \Leftrightarrow (\forall E: \int_E f_1 = \int_E f_2)$$

indefinite_0_le: LEMMA $f \geq 0$ a.e. $\Leftrightarrow (\forall E: 0 \leq \int_E f)$

indefinite_le: LEMMA

$$f_1 \leq f_2 \text{ a.e.} \Leftrightarrow (\forall E: \int_E f_1 \leq \int_E f_2)$$

indefinite_pm: LEMMA

$$\forall (E: \text{measurable_set}, f: (\text{integrable?}(E))): \\ \int_E f = \int_E f^+ - \int_E f^-$$

indefinite_union: LEMMA

$$\forall (E_1, E_2: \text{measurable_set}, f: (\text{integrable?}((E_1 \cup E_2)))): \\ \text{disjoint?}(E_1, E_2) \Rightarrow \\ \int_{(E_1 \cup E_2)} f = \int_{E_1} f + \int_{E_2} f$$

indefinite_subset: LEMMA

$$\forall (E_1, E_2: \text{measurable_set}, f: (\text{integrable?}(E_2))): \\ (E_1 \subseteq E_2) \wedge f \geq 0 \text{ a.e.} \Rightarrow \int_{E_1} f \leq \int_{E_2} f$$

indefinite_null: LEMMA $\int_N h = 0$

indefinite_countably_additive: LEMMA

$$\text{series}(\lambda n: \int_{\text{DX}(n)} f) \longrightarrow \int_{\bigcup \text{DX}} f$$

END indefinite_integral

40 measure_equality

measure_equality[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN

IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]

μ, ν : VAR measure_type

x : VAR T

f : VAR [T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}]

g : VAR [T \rightarrow $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$]

E : VAR (S)

IMPORTING \int

measure_eq_isf?: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{isf}[T, S, \mu](f) \Leftrightarrow \text{isf}[T, S, \nu](f))$

measure_eq_isf: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \wedge$
 $(\text{isf}[T, S, \mu](f) \vee \text{isf}[T, S, \nu](f))$
 \Rightarrow
 $(\text{isf.integral}[T, S, \mu](f) =$
 $\text{isf.integral}[T, S, \nu](f))$

measure_eq_nn_integrable?: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{nn.integrable}[T, S, \mu](g) \Leftrightarrow$
 $\text{nn.integrable}[T, S, \nu](g))$

measure_eq_nn_integral: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \wedge$
 $(\text{nn.integrable}[T, S, \mu](g) \vee \text{nn.integrable}[T, S, \nu](g))$
 \Rightarrow
 $(\text{nn.integral}[T, S, \mu](g) = \text{nn.integral}[T, S, \nu](g))$

measure_eq_integrable?: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{integrable}[T, S, \mu](f) \Leftrightarrow \text{integrable}[T, S, \nu](f))$

measure_eq_integral: LEMMA

$(\forall E: \mu(E) = \nu(E)) \wedge$
 $(\text{integrable}[T, S, \mu](f) \vee \text{integrable}[T, S, \nu](f))$
 $\Rightarrow (\int f = \int f)$

END measure_equality

41 measure_contraction

```
measure_contraction[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra]: THEORY
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTING measure_def[T, S], measure_space[T, S]
```

```
f × g: [T → ℝ]: MACRO [T → ℝ] = f × g
```

```
μ: VAR measure_type
```

```
ν: VAR sigma_finite_measure
```

```
A, E: VAR measurable_set
```

```
f: VAR measurable_function
```

```
i: VAR ℕ
```

```
contraction(μ, A): measure_type = λ E: μ((A ∩ E))
```

```
fm_contraction(μ: measure_type, A: {E | μ(E) < 1}): finite_measure =
  λ E: μ((A ∩ E)) * 2
```

```
sigma_finite_contraction_def: LEMMA
```

```
ν(E) = ∑ λ i: (TRUE, fm_contraction(ν, A_of(ν)(i))(E))
```

```
IMPORTING isf, nn_integral, ∫, indefinite_integral, integral_convergence
```

```
contraction_is_sigma_finite: JUDGEMENT contraction(ν, A) HAS_TYPE
  sigma_finite_measure
```

```
contraction_isf: LEMMA
```

```
∀ (f: simple):
  isf?[T, S, contraction(μ, A)](f) ⇔
  isf?[T, S, μ]((ϕ_A × f))
```

```
contraction_isf_integral: LEMMA
```

```
∀ (f: isf[T, S, contraction(μ, A)]):
  isf_integral[T, S, contraction(μ, A)](f) =
  isf_integral[T, S, μ]((ϕ_A × f))
```

```
contraction_nn_integrable: LEMMA
```

```
∀ (f: nn_measurable):
  nn_integrable?[T, S, contraction(μ, A)](f) ⇔
  nn_integrable?[T, S, μ]((ϕ_A × f))
```

```
contraction_nn_integral: LEMMA
```

```
∀ (f: nn_integrable[T, S, contraction(μ, A)]):
  nn_integral[T, S, contraction(μ, A)](f) =
  nn_integral[T, S, μ]((ϕ_A × f))
```

contraction_integrable: LEMMA
integrable?[$T, S, \text{contraction}(\mu, A)$](f) \Leftrightarrow
integrable?[T, S, μ]($\phi_A \times f$)

contraction_integral: LEMMA
 $\forall (f: \text{integrable}[T, S, \text{contraction}(\mu, A)]):$
 $\int f = \int (\phi_A \times f)$

END measure_contraction

42 measure_contraction_props

```
measure_contraction_props[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
                          (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: measure_type]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_props[T, S, μ], measure_contraction[T, S], integral_convergence_scaf

  A: VAR disjoint_indexed_measurable

  h: VAR measurable_function

  x: VAR T

  n: VAR ℕ

  convergent?: MACRO pred[sequence[ℝ]] =
    topological_convergence.convergent?

  contraction_integrable_def: LEMMA
    
$$\bigcup A = \text{fullset}[T] \wedge (\forall x: h(x) \geq 0) \Rightarrow$$


$$(\text{integrable?}[T, S, \mu](h) \Leftrightarrow$$


$$((\forall n: \text{integrable?}[T, S, \text{contraction}(\mu, A(n))](h)) \wedge$$


$$\text{topological\_convergence.convergent?}$$


$$(\text{series}(\lambda n: \int h))))$$


END measure_contraction_props
```

43 sigma_finite_measure_props

```

sigma_finite_measure_props[T: TYPE, (IMPORTING subset_algebra_def[T]) S: sigma_algebra,
                           (IMPORTING measure_def[T, S]) μ: sigma_finite_measure]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING measure_contraction_props[T, S, μ], measure_equality[T, S]

  f: VAR nn_integrable[T, S, μ]

  g: VAR integrable[T, S, μ]

  h: VAR nn_measurable[T, S]

  A: VAR (S)

  x: VAR T

  n: VAR ℕ

  F: VAR sequence[[T → ℝ]]

  convergent?: MACRO pred[sequence[ℝ]] =
    topological_convergence.convergent?

  sfm_integrable: LEMMA
    ((∀ n: integrable?[T, S, contraction(μ, A_of(μ)(n))](h)) ∧
     topological_convergence.convergent?(series(λ n: ∫ h)))
    ⇔ integrable?[T, S, μ](h)

  sfm_integral: LEMMA series(λ n: ∫ f) → ∫ f

  sfm_component_eq: LEMMA
    to_measure(fm_contraction(μ, A_of(μ)(n)))(A) = contraction(μ, A_of(μ)(n))(A)

  IMPORTING integral_convergence[T, S, μ]

  sfm_monotone_convergence: LEMMA
    increasing?(F) a.e. ∧
    (∀ n, x: F(n)(x) ≥ 0) ∧
    (∀ n: integrable?[T, S, contraction(μ, P_of(μ)(n))](F(n)))
    ⇒
    (((∃ g: F → g a.e.) ⇔ bounded?(λ n: ∫ F(n))) ∧
     (∀ g: F → g a.e. ⇒ λ n: ∫ F(n) ↗ ∫ g))

END sigma_finite_measure_props

```

Part VII

Product Measures

44 product_finite_measure

```
product_finite_measure[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) T1, T2: TYPE, S1: sigma_algebra[T1],
                        S2: sigma_algebra[T2]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING product_sigma_def[T1, T2], product_sigma[T1, T2, S1, S2], measure_def[T1, S1],
            measure_def[T2, S2], measure_def[[T1, T2], S1 × S2], f, finite_measure,
            monotone_classes, integral_convergence

  M: VAR (S1 × S2)

  x: VAR T1

  y: VAR T2

  X: VAR (S1)

  Y: VAR (S2)

  E: VAR sequence[(S1 × S2)]

  μ: VAR finite_measure[T1, S1]

  ν: VAR finite_measure[T2, S2]

  x_section_bounded: LEMMA
    0 ≤ (ν ∘ x_section(M))(x) ∧
    (ν ∘ x_section(M))(x) ≤ ν(fullset[T2])

  y_section_bounded: LEMMA
    0 ≤ (μ ∘ y_section(M))(y) ∧
    (μ ∘ y_section(M))(y) ≤ μ(fullset[T1])

  x_section_measurable: LEMMA
    measurable_function?[T1, S1](ν ∘ x_section(M))

  y_section_measurable: LEMMA
    measurable_function?[T2, S2](μ ∘ y_section(M))

  x_section_integrable: LEMMA
    integrable?[T1, S1, to_measure(μ)](ν ∘ x_section(M))

  y_section_integrable: LEMMA
    integrable?[T2, S2, to_measure(ν)](μ ∘ y_section(M))

  rectangle_measure1: LEMMA
```

$$M = X \times Y \Rightarrow \\ \int \nu \circ \text{x_section}(M) = \mu(X) \times \nu(Y)$$

rectangle_measure2: LEMMA

$$M = X \times Y \Rightarrow \\ \int \mu \circ \text{y_section}(M) = \mu(X) \times \nu(Y)$$

$$\mu \times \nu: \text{finite_measure}[[T_1, T_2], S_1 \times S_2] = \\ \lambda M: \int \nu \circ \text{x_section}(M)$$

fm_times_alt: LEMMA

$$\text{finite_measure?}[[T_1, T_2], S_1 \times S_2] \\ (\lambda M: \int \mu \circ \text{y_section}(M))$$

finite_product_alt: THEOREM

$$\text{fm_times}(\mu, \nu)(M) = \int \mu \circ \text{y_section}(M)$$

END product_finite_measure

45 product_measure

```

product_measure[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) T1, T2: TYPE, S1: sigma_algebra[T1],
                S2: sigma_algebra[T2]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING product_sigma[T1, T2, S1, S2], measure_contraction[T1, S1],
            measure_contraction[T2, S2], measure_contraction[[T1, T2], S1 × S2],
            product_finite_measure[T1, T2, S1, S2],  $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ @double_index[set[[T1, T2]]]

   $\mu$ : VAR sigma_finite_measure[T1, S1]

   $\nu$ : VAR sigma_finite_measure[T2, S2]

  X: VAR (S1)

  Y: VAR (S2)

  M: VAR (S1 × S2)

  z: VAR [T1, T2]

  i, j, n: VAR  $\mathbb{N}$ 

  product_measure_approx( $\mu$ ,  $\nu$ )(i, j): finite_measure[[T1, T2], S1 × S2] =
    fm_contraction[T1, S1]( $\mu$ , A_of( $\mu$ )(i)) × fm_contraction [T2, S2]( $\nu$ , A_of( $\nu$ )(j))

   $\mu \times \nu$ : sigma_finite_measure[[T1, T2], S1 × S2] =
     $\lambda$  M:
       $\sum \lambda i : \sum \lambda j : \text{to\_measure}(\text{product\_measure\_approx}(\mu, \nu)(i, j))(M)$ 

  m_times_alt: LEMMA
    m_times( $\mu$ ,  $\nu$ )(M) =  $\sum \lambda j : \sum \lambda i : \text{to\_measure}(\text{product\_measure\_approx}(\mu, \nu)(i, j))(M)$ 

  rectangle_measure: LEMMA
    m_times( $\mu$ ,  $\nu$ )(X × Y) =  $\mu(X) \times \nu(Y)$ 

  phi1(X): simple[[T1, T2], S1 × S2] =
     $\phi_{X \times \text{fullset}[T2]}$ 

  phi2(Y): simple[[T1, T2], S1 × S2] =
     $\phi_{\text{fullset}[T1] \times Y}$ 

END product_measure

```

Part VIII

Product Integrals

46 product_integral_def

```
product_integral_def[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE,  
                    S1: sigma_algebra[T1], S2: sigma_algebra[T2], μ: measure_type[T1, S1],  
                    ν: measure_type[T2, S2]]: THEORY  
  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING f[T1, S1, μ], f[T2, S2, ν], reals@real_fun_ops[[T1, T2]]  
  
  h: VAR [[T1, T2] → ℝ]  
  
  f: VAR integrable[T1, S1, μ]  
  
  g: VAR integrable[T2, S2, ν]  
  
  N1: VAR null_set[T1, S1, μ]  
  
  N2: VAR null_set[T2, S2, ν]  
  
  x: VAR T1  
  
  y: VAR T2  
  
  c: VAR ℝ  
  
  integrable1?(h): bool =  
    ∃ N1, f:  
      ∀ x:  
        ¬ (x ∈ N1) ⇒  
          integrable?(λ y: h(x, y)) ∧  
          ∫ λ y: h(x, y) = f(x)  
  
  integrable2?(h): bool =  
    ∃ N2, g:  
      ∀ y:  
        ¬ (y ∈ N2) ⇒  
          integrable?(λ x: h(x, y)) ∧  
          ∫ λ x: h(x, y) = g(y)  
  
  integrable1: TYPE+ = (integrable1?) CONTAINING (λ x, y: 0)  
  
  integrable2: TYPE+ = (integrable2?) CONTAINING (λ x, y: 0)  
  
  g1, h1: VAR integrable1  
  
  g2, h2: VAR integrable2
```

integrable1_zero: LEMMA integrable1?($\lambda x, y: 0$)
 integrable1_add: JUDGEMENT $+(g_1, h_1)$ HAS_TYPE integrable1
 integrable1_scal: JUDGEMENT $\times(c, h_1)$ HAS_TYPE integrable1
 integrable1_opp: JUDGEMENT $-(h_1)$ HAS_TYPE integrable1
 integrable1_diff: JUDGEMENT $-(g_1, h_1)$ HAS_TYPE integrable1
 integrable2_zero: LEMMA integrable2?($\lambda x, y: 0$)
 integrable2_add: JUDGEMENT $+(g_2, h_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable2
 integrable2_scal: JUDGEMENT $\times(c, h_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable2
 integrable2_opp: JUDGEMENT $-(h_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable2
 integrable2_diff: JUDGEMENT $-(g_2, h_2)$ HAS_TYPE integrable2
 null_integrable1(h_1): $[\text{null_set}[T_1, S_1, \mu], \text{integrable}[T_1, S_1, \mu]] =$
 choose($\{N_1, f \mid$
 $\forall x:$
 $\neg (x \in N_1) \Rightarrow$
 integrable? $(\lambda y: h_1(x, y)) \wedge$
 $\int \lambda y: h_1(x, y) = f(x)\}$)
 null_integrable2(h_2): $[\text{null_set}[T_2, S_2, \nu], \text{integrable}[T_2, S_2, \nu]] =$
 choose($\{N_2, g \mid$
 $\forall y:$
 $\neg (y \in N_2) \Rightarrow$
 integrable? $(\lambda x: h_2(x, y)) \wedge$
 $\int \lambda x: h_2(x, y) = g(y)\}$)
 null_integral1_def: LEMMA
 $(N_1, f) = \text{null_integrable1}(h_1) \wedge (\neg (x \in N_1)) \Rightarrow$
 integrable? $(\lambda y: h_1(x, y)) \wedge$
 $\int \lambda y: h_1(x, y) = f(x)$
 null_integral2_def: LEMMA
 $(N_2, g) = \text{null_integrable2}(h_2) \wedge (\neg (y \in N_2)) \Rightarrow$
 integrable? $(\lambda x: h_2(x, y)) \wedge$
 $\int \lambda x: h_2(x, y) = g(y)$
 integral1(h_1): $\text{integrable}[T_1, S_1, \mu] =$
 $\lambda x:$
 LET $(N_1, f) = \text{null_integrable1}(h_1)$ IN
 IF $(x \in N_1)$ THEN 0 ELSE $f(x)$ ENDIF
 integral2(h_2): $\text{integrable}[T_2, S_2, \nu] =$
 $\lambda y:$

LET $(N_2, g) = \text{null_integrable2}(h_2)$ IN
IF $(y \in N_2)$ THEN 0 ELSE $g(y)$ ENDIF

integral1_zero: LEMMA $\text{integral1}(\lambda x, y: 0) = (\lambda x: 0)$

integral1_add: LEMMA
 $\text{integral1}(g_1 + h_1) = \text{integral1}(g_1) + \text{integral1}(h_1)$ *a.e.*

integral1_scal: LEMMA
 $\text{integral1}(c \times h_1) = c \times \text{integral1}(h_1)$ *a.e.*

integral1_opp: LEMMA
 $\text{integral1}(-(h_1)) = -\text{integral1}(h_1)$ *a.e.*

integral1_diff: LEMMA
 $\text{integral1}(g_1 - h_1) = \text{integral1}(g_1) - \text{integral1}(h_1)$ *a.e.*

integral2_zero: LEMMA $\text{integral2}(\lambda x, y: 0) = (\lambda y: 0)$

integral2_add: LEMMA
 $\text{integral2}(g_2 + h_2) = \text{integral2}(g_2) + \text{integral2}(h_2)$ *a.e.*

integral2_scal: LEMMA
 $\text{integral2}(c \times h_2) = c \times \text{integral2}(h_2)$ *a.e.*

integral2_opp: LEMMA
 $\text{integral2}(-(h_2)) = -\text{integral2}(h_2)$ *a.e.*

integral2_diff: LEMMA
 $\text{integral2}(g_2 - h_2) = \text{integral2}(g_2) - \text{integral2}(h_2)$ *a.e.*

END product_integral.def

47 finite_fubini_scaf

```

finite_fubini_scaf[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE,
                  S1: sigma_algebra[T1], S2: sigma_algebra[T2], μ: finite_measure[T1, S1],
                  ν: finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY

BEGIN

  IMPORTING product_sigma[T1, T2, S1, S2], measure_def[T1, S1], measure_def[T2, S2],
            measure_def[[T1, T2], S1 × S2], product_finite_measure[T1, T2, S1, S2]

  IMPORTING nn_integral[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, to_measure(μ × ν)]

  g: VAR nn_integrable

  i: VAR isf

  n: VAR nn_isf

  E: VAR (S1 × S2)

  IMPORTING ∫[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, to_measure(μ × ν)]

  f: VAR integrable

  h: VAR nn_measurable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]

  m: VAR measurable_function[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]

  x: VAR T1

  y: VAR T2

  IMPORTING ∫[T1, S1, to_measure(μ)], ∫[T2, S2, to_measure(ν)]

  measurable_x_section: LEMMA
    measurable_function?[T2, S2](λ y: m(x, y))

  measurable_y_section: LEMMA
    measurable_function?[T1, S1](λ x: m(x, y))

  isf_x_section: LEMMA isf?(λ y: i(x, y))

  isf_y_section: LEMMA isf?(λ x: i(x, y))

  integral_phi1: LEMMA
    (λ x: isf_integral[T2, S2, to_measure(ν)](λ y: φ(E)(x, y))) =
    ν ∘ x_section(E)

  integral_phi2: LEMMA
    (λ y: isf_integral[T1, S1, to_measure(μ)](λ x: φ(E)(x, y))) =
    μ ∘ y_section(E)

```

```

integral_phi3: LEMMA
  isf_integral( $\phi_E$ ) =
     $\int \lambda x : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda y : \phi(E)(x, y))$ 

integral_phi4: LEMMA
  isf_integral( $\phi_E$ ) =
     $\int \lambda y : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda x : \phi(E)(x, y))$ 

isf_integral_x: LEMMA
  integrable?( $\lambda x : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda y : i(x, y))$ )

isf_integral_y: LEMMA
  integrable?( $\lambda y : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda x : i(x, y))$ )

isf_fubini_tonelli_3: LEMMA
  isf_integral( $i$ ) =
     $\int \lambda x : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda y : i(x, y))$ 

isf_fubini_tonelli_4: LEMMA
  isf_integral( $i$ ) =
     $\int \lambda y : \text{isf\_integral}(\lambda x : i(x, y))$ 

END finite_fubini_scaf

```

48 finite_fubini_tonelli

```
finite_fubini_tonelli[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE,  
    S1: sigma_algebra[T1], S2: sigma_algebra[T2],  
    μ: finite_measure[T1, S1], ν: finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY  
  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING finite_fubini_scaf[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν],  
    product_integral_def[T1, T2, S1, S2, to_measure(μ), to_measure(ν)],  
    integral_convergence, indefinite_integral  
  
  g: VAR  
    nn_integrable  
    [[T1, T2], S1 × S2, to_measure(μ × ν)]  
  
  h: VAR nn_measurable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]  
  
  finite_fubini_tonelli_1: LEMMA integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable1?(h)  
  
  finite_fubini_tonelli_2: LEMMA integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable2?(h)  
  
  finite_fubini_tonelli_3: LEMMA ∫ g = ∫ integral1(g)  
  
  finite_fubini_tonelli_4: LEMMA ∫ g = ∫ integral2(g)  
  
END finite_fubini_tonelli
```

49 finite_fubini

```
finite_fubini[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE, S1: sigma_algebra[T1],
              S2: sigma_algebra[T2], μ: finite_measure[T1, S1],
              ν: finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY

BEGIN

  IMPORTING sigma_algebra[T1, S1], sigma_algebra[T2, S2],
            finite_fubini_tonelli[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν],
            finite_integral[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, μ × ν],
            finite_integral[T1, S1, μ], finite_integral[T2, S2, ν]

  f: VAR
      integrable
      [[T1, T2], S1 × S2, to_measure(μ × ν)]

  finite_integrable_is_integrable1: LEMMA integrable1?(f)

  finite_integrable_is_integrable2: LEMMA integrable2?(f)

  finite_fubini1: COROLLARY ∫ f = ∫ integral1(f)

  finite_fubini2: COROLLARY ∫ f = ∫ integral2(f)

  h: VAR bounded_measurable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]

  x: VAR T1

  y: VAR T2

  integrable_x_section: LEMMA integrable?(λ y: h(x, y))

  integrable_y_section: LEMMA integrable?(λ x: h(x, y))

  integrable_integral_x_section: LEMMA
    integrable?(λ x: ∫ λ y: h(x, y))

  integrable_integral_y_section: LEMMA
    integrable?(λ y: ∫ λ x: h(x, y))

  integral_integral_x_section: LEMMA
    ∫ λ x: ∫ λ y: h(x, y) = ∫ h

  integral_integral_y_section: LEMMA
    ∫ λ y: ∫ λ x: h(x, y) = ∫ h

END finite_fubini
```

50 fubini_tonelli_scaf

```
fubini_tonelli_scaf[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE,
  S1: sigma_algebra[T1], S2: sigma_algebra[T2],
  μ: sigma_finite_measure[T1, S1],
  ν: sigma_finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTING product_measure[T1, T2, S1, S2], ∫[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, μ × ν]
```

```
E: VAR (S1 × S2)
```

```
X: VAR (S1)
```

```
Y: VAR (S2)
```

```
x: VAR T1
```

```
y: VAR T2
```

```
i, j, n: VAR ℕ
```

```
IMPORTING product_integral_def[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν], measure_contraction_props,
  measure_equality, finite_fubini_tonelli, finite_fubini, indefinite_integral,
  ℝ≥0@double_nn_sequence, sigma_finite_measure_props
```

```
h: VAR nn_measurable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]
```

```
IMPORTING product_integral_def, sigma_finite_measure_props
```

```
convergent?: MACRO pred[sequence[ℝ]] =
  topological_convergence.convergent?
```

```
product_measure_contraction: LEMMA
```

```
  contraction(μ × ν, X × Y)(E) = m_times(contraction(μ, X), contraction(ν, Y))(E)
```

```
product_sfm_contraction: LEMMA
```

```
  contraction(μ × ν, A_of(μ)(i) × A_of(ν)(j))(E) = product_measure_approx(μ, ν)(i, j)(E)
```

```
product_measure_contraction_n: LEMMA
```

```
  m_times(contraction(μ, P_of(μ)(n)), contraction(ν, P_of(ν)(n)))(E) = to_measure(fm_contraction(μ, P_of(μ)(n)))
```

```
fubini_tonelli_scaf1: LEMMA
```

```
(integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable1?(h)) ∧
(integrable?(h) ⇒
  ∫ h = ∫ integral1[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](h))
```

```
fubini_tonelli_scaf2: LEMMA
```

```
(integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable2?(h)) ∧
(integrable?(h) ⇒
  ∫ h = ∫ integral2[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](h))
```

END fubini_tonelli_scaf

51 fubini_tonelli

```
fubini_tonelli[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE,  
              S1: sigma_algebra[T1], S2: sigma_algebra[T2],  
              μ: sigma_finite_measure[T1, S1], ν: sigma_finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY  
BEGIN  
  
  IMPORTING product_measure[T1, T2, S1, S2], ∫[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, μ × ν]  
  
  g: VAR nn_integrable  
  
  h: VAR nn_measurable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2]  
  
  x: VAR T1  
  
  y: VAR T2  
  
  IMPORTING product_integral_def[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν],  
            fubini_tonelli_scaf[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν]  
  
  fubini_tonelli_1: THEOREM integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable1?(h)  
  
  fubini_tonelli_2: THEOREM integrable?(h) ⇔ integrable2?(h)  
  
  fubini_tonelli_3: THEOREM  
    ∫ g = ∫ integral1[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](g)  
  
  fubini_tonelli_4: THEOREM  
    ∫ g = ∫ integral2[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](g)  
  
END fubini_tonelli
```

52 fubini

```
fubini[(IMPORTING subset_algebra_def) measure_def, T1, T2: TYPE, S1: sigma_algebra[T1],
      S2: sigma_algebra[T2], μ: sigma_finite_measure[T1, S1],
      ν: sigma_finite_measure[T2, S2]]: THEORY
BEGIN

  IMPORTING fubini_tonelli[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν]

  f: VAR integrable[[T1, T2], S1 × S2, μ × ν]

  x: VAR T1

  y: VAR T2

  integrable_is_integrable1: LEMMA integrable1?(f)

  integrable_is_integrable2: LEMMA integrable2?(f)

  fubini1: LEMMA
    ∫ f = ∫ integral1[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](f)

  fubini2: LEMMA
    ∫ f = ∫ integral2[T1, T2, S1, S2, μ, ν](f)

END fubini
```